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THE BOARD OF TRADE BANQUET GREAT SUCCESS

The banquet given by the Emporium Board of Trade, Monday evening, in the very neatly decorated dining room of New Warner, was a very enjoyable affair, and surpassed anything of the kind ever given in Emporium. Mine host Wm. Schutte, ably assisted by his manager, E. E. Breene, carefully arranged everything for the occasion. While L. S. Fisk's orchestra rendered some choice music, the members of the Board, escorted by its president, Hon. Geo. J. LaBar, marched to the banquet board at 9:30—the speakers and guests occupying a table in the centre of the square. The banqueters were as follows:

Anderson, Rev.	Kreider, S. P.
Allen, G. S.	Larrabee, M. M.
Balcom, G. F.	Lechner, Jos.
Bush, Dr.	Lingle, Jos.
Blumle, Hon. F. X.	Leet, F. D.
Barclay, Hon. C. F.	Lloyd, T. B.
Butler, C. L.	Levecke, Fred.
Brennan, M.	LaBar, Hon. Geo J.
Cramer, W. H.	Leavitt, W. J.
Crandell, C. E.	Lloyd, H. S.
Cox, H. A.	Libenius, Mr.
Cummings, John.	Mickey, R. K.
Day, J. H.	Mitchell, Dr.
Day, Herbert.	Metzger, Geo. Jr.
Eick, R. A.	Mullin, Hon. H. H.
Falk, Dr.	McQuay, R. B.
Gallagher, Thos.	Newton, Jos.
Goodnough, C. J.	Norris, Thos. H.
Green, Hon. B. W.	Parsons, J. F.
Heilman, Dr.	Plasterer, Prof.
Haberstock, Theo.	Pearsoll, H. L.
Hilliker, F. F.	Rishell, C. W.
Howard, W. H.	Robertson, Rev. J. M.
Howard, Hon. Josiah.	Seger, Chas.
Howard, Chas. J.	Seger, Fred.
Hockley, Hon. I. K.	Sizer, W. R.
Jaeger, Henry.	Strayer, F. P.
Johnson, Hon. J. C.	Tompkins, H. G.
Judd, F. G.	Van Wert, S. M.
Johnston, Rev. G. H.	Walker Geo. A.
Kline, C. R.	Wiley, Chas C.
Kuehne, R.	

All in shape, and after Rev. Johnson evoked divine blessing, all partook of one of the best served and neatest dinners ever served here, viz:

MENU.

Grape Fruit with Sherry
Vermicelli.

Radishes Pickles Olives
Roast Chicken, with Sage Dressing
Mashed Potatoes Cranberry Jelly
Tomatoes with Mayonnaise
Parker House Rolls
Ice Cream with Strawberries
Chocolate Cake Lady Fingers
Salted Almonds, with Mints
Cigars Coffee

At the close of the enjoyable dinner, President LaBar wrapped for order when he called upon Hon, I. K. Hockley to act as toast master, who promptly rang the bell and introduced His Honor, Mayor Howard, who welcomed, on behalf of the Borough of Emporium, the Board of Trade and its guests.

W. H. Howard in his address of welcome said that heretofore there had been a board of trade in Emporium but they never did anything and died a natural death. It was followed by the ladies forming a chamber of commerce and they did something. Their last act was the erection of the town clock in the court house six or seven years ago.

Mr. Howard said we had as good a town as was to be found anywhere, with as low taxes and insurance rates; with as pure air and water and as healthy a place as there is in Penna., or in the world; we have good hotel accommodations, railroad advantages and banking facilities; good schools and an orderly town; fine scenery and drives for miles in all directions from the borough.

He said that while we had all these, some of them could be made better and others added. He hoped that soon we would have free mail delivery, a government building, paved streets, incineration plant to take care of the sewerage, pollution of the streams stopped, larger water system, military school, glass, brick, stove, automobile, clay and pipe factories, for all of which we have the raw materials at our door; the coal veins further developed; a hospital, our mineral springs utilized more, a railroad up Rich Valley that went somewhere so as to avoid Keating Summit, St. Marys and Kane hills; better passenger railroad facilities and at some time in the not very distant future, a population of 50,000 or more and the hills of the county reforested so as to supply both lumber and water.

Mr. Mullin responded very briefly to Mr. Howard.

At this time numerous letters of regret were read from invited guests, the most prominent being from United States Senator Boies Penrose, Governor Stuart, Mr. H. R. Laird, the hustling Sec'y of Williamsport Board of Trade and Col. J. O. Brookbank of Driftwood.

Congressman Charles F. Barclay was then introduced and gave an interesting talk of thirty minutes, which was listened to wilh wrapt attention and heartily applauded.

Hon. J. C. Johnson was next speaker called on and held the closest attention of the guests. We give the major portion of his remarks.

Natural and Business Resources of Cameron County.

Mr. President, and Gentlemen of the Board of Trade:—

I thank the gentlemen of the Board of Trade for the kind invitation to join you in this occasion. The presence of so many gentlemen prominent in trade and commerce in this county and elsewhere makes this an interesting occsion, as it is unusual. I think it must mean that there is something doing or about to be done in this "neck of woods," and I am glad to be here and find out what all of you business men are thinking about or doing.

I was asked to speak of the "Natural and business resources of Cameron county." I was flattered by the request and said I would do it—just as all men feel flattered when they are asked to do things way beyond them. Now I can say at the outset there is one well recognized natural resource of Cameron county that I shall not discuss. It is the one resource that lies open to us before our doors and seems most to demand our earlist attention. This is clay. Clay and clay products will be left out by me, because a gentleman eminently competent to handle this subject expected to be here. Mr. Walker came into the county about three years ago, backed by a large amount of capital and started brick works on Hunts Run. He has accomplished wonders over there, in a place where none of us would ever have thought there was anything worth rescuing from the wilderness it was in. His work speaks volumes for his energy and ability and places him among those entitled to be quoted as authority upon the possibilities of clay and clay products in Cameron county.

I therefore turn from that subject to consider, for a few minutes, one or two other natural resources that may prove of value to us in Cameron county, at some time not very distant in the future.

And first, I suggest gas or oil. I know the objector will say the territory has been tested. I deny this.

There has been as yet no sufficient test in this county. Early and late there nave been, all told, not more than twenty wells drilled. The size of the drill is 6¼ inches. There are 243,840 acres in Cameron county, or 381 square miles. That gives us one 6¼ inch hole to 12,192 acres, or one well to every nineteen square miles of territory. Who is there to say the test for oil or gas in Cameron county has been thorough, in view of these facts, when you add that the wells have been drilled about indiscriminately, without any regard to anticlinals.

Now, for a moment, let us consider the developements about us. In Potter county the development of gas has been abundant in Sharon township, with wells in Oswayo and Bingham and recently the producing line has been crowded down to within a few miles of Coudersport in Hebron. The development on Card Creek, in Roulett township, south and west of Coudersport is on an anticlinal that is believed to extend through the north west corner of Shippen township in Cameron county. The gas has been tapped at Liberty, in Mckean couuty, a short distance north of the Cameron county line. East of us was the development at Gaines in Tioga county. South and east of us at Hyner, on a very promising anticlinal, there are wells producing gas and recently at Cross Forks in Leidy township, Clinton county, south of us and east of us gas has been developed with wells of about 400 lbs. rock pressure as reported. West of us in Benzinger township, Elk county, adjoining Cameron county, and within a few miles of our county oil has been found in small well, at least so it is reported. And recent developments in Jefferson county, complete the circle so that we are surrounded. Forty-five degree lines so highly regarded by oil and gas men drawn through these developments pass through our county.

Under these circumstances, regarding the scanty tests within our lines, and the fact that mother earth is steaming with gas and oil all around us, on the north, east, south and west, does it seem to be a wild prediction that when the oil capitalist gets in earnest and makes a scientific investigation he will be able to locate paying gas or oil wells on our territory?

It only remains for the landed proprietor to be liberal toward leasing and for this energetic Board of Trade to get next to the oil capitalist and by a full and careful showing of the prospects, get these two most interested parties at work to solve the problem in regard to these possible natural products.

I have next to call the attention of this assembled body of representative business men and citizens to a more certain natural resource found within our borders.

The great Allegheny Coal Field, begins way up here in Northern Pennsylvania. It extends across the state into W. Va., Ohio, Tenn., Ky., and Ala. It is 800 miles long and 180 miles in its greatest width. In Pennsylvania we have upwards of 12,000 square miles of this coal field and it is divided for superintendence by the state into districts and Cameron county is in the 4th District. Really we are in a northern field, cut off from the great body by the swift running waters to the south of us. This northern field is broken into fingers, as it were, extending some of them into the county of McKean on the north.

We have here the four lower strata or seams of the Carboniferous system and two of these veins or seams are surely workable, being from three to five feet thick. They lie near the tops of our mountains. They are easily worked are good coal and while the receding waters of the Apalachian Ocean eroded a great deal more coal than we have left, yet the conglomerate rock upon which this deposit rests by its great solidity has saved enough to make it a sure and sufficient natural resource for profitable exploitation.

Not all the coal lies in the Cameron basin. But I speak by the book when I tell you that there are two thousand acres of the Pardee lands underlaid with two workable veins of coal one three feet and another from three to five feet in thickness. In this property you may make your own calculation, 640 acres of coal one foot thick will produce a million tons of coal and this body of land alone would yield 15 million tons of good coal.

The same veins underlie the property Mr. Brady is operating upon. As to what he has been able to make out of them and do with this coal you have been able to see during the last three years. He finds it good steam coal and he makes coke out of it and uses it in his blast furnace. Now Mr. Brady has in the Sinnamahoning property 5,000,000 tons of coal; there are 15,000,000 tons in the Pardee property and 5,000,000 in another property; in all 25,000,000 tons in the Cameron basin. This means that if you were to employ 250 men to remove 1,000 tons a day for practically 70 years you would only exhaust this one basin of coal.

There are undoubtedly many other tracts of coal in the county, but the tracts mentioned have been thoroughly examined and reported on by very able experts and they are opened and already have been worked, in a small way, successfully. This then is a natural resource of certain production and great value.

Now, for a moment, I want to suggest to you something about another natural resource that we have in abundance, that is of great value and has been utterly disregarded. I refer to the streams. They are of great value. They should be impounded, and made to give up the power and wealth that is in them, and shed abroad the peacef prosperity and contentment that their rippling waters sing of as they go rushing over their rocky beds on their way to the sea.

Bennetts Branch heads in Clearfield county' passes through a corner of Elk; West Creek heads in Elk county. The Driftwood passes through a corner of Elk county and with Elk Run and North Creek heads in McKean county, the Portage has branchos extending into both McKean and Potter counties and Hunts Run and the Firs Fork both head in Potter county. If you take the map you will discover that the water shed drained by our streams is very great, extending to Clearfield, Elk, McKean and Potter counties. Taese streams are all concentrated at upper Jerry Run in our county and a dam should be constructed there to impound all the flood water and make a lake from three to five miles long and from 10 to 30 feet deep. Erected at thet point mentioned the dam would not exceed 1000 or 1200 feet from rock wall to rock wall of the mountains on either side, which would furnish ample material for the work, right at hand.

This dam should be made at once and the production of electrical power secured at the earliest day.

Is this idea new and does any one think it is impracticable?

Let me call your attention to what you all know about such matters.

You know the British Goverument built the Assouan dam in the Nile and are now making it 20 feet higher than originally.

You all knbw that in 1902 our Congress took up the idea and appropriated 20 millions for building dams and that they begun then and are yet building dams that when completed will cost 70 millions. You know that dam building is a school of engineering science, now greatly developed. That we have in the Shoshone propo si lion the highest dam in the world, 310 feet. You know that these constructions to conserve the waters extend from Mexico to Canada, through that vast expanse of silence land, west of the Rocky Mountains, Arizona, California, Nevada, Oregon, Idaho, and also through Montana, the Dakotas, Colorado and New Mexico. In short from the Rio Grande to the Yellowstone the United States Government is engaged in expending 70 millions of dollars in constructing dams to conserve the waters.

Now, more than that, private enterprise and capital has been aroused and is no longer unmindful of the advantage of such enterprise. Indeed private enterprise and capital have already seized upon the e very waters of yours in their course to the ocean and at McCall's Ferry, the McCall's Ferry Heat, Power and Light Co., has built a great dam across the Susquehanna to impound them and convert them into electrical power. Electricsl power to serve a million people in the counties of York and Lancaster and the City of Baltimore.

You see at once then it is practical to construct a dam at Upper Jerry Run, in this county, where the valley is narrow and there is nothing to hinder and make a lake 30 feet deep and five miles long and use this wator to produce this wonderful power called electricity most cheaply and furnish it to industries so cheaply as to induce them to come to our town in large numbers.

Now, I will not draw the picture of the possible future prosperity of the beauiful valley we live in when the manufacturers come here and get cheap electrical power and when the population of this great Commonwealth is double what it is now, as it will be within 30 years. The great flood tide of population must set in here it this natural resource is seized upon as it should be at once.

It is up to this energetic and able Board of Trade to get next to capital that will drill for oil and mine for coal and perhaps best of all, size upon the oportunity to produce that magica power. electricity, cheaply. Through enterprise, energy and capital wisely employed upon these natural resources our county will surely be populated by an industrious, prosperous and contented people, many times greater in number than our present population.

Judge Green's Able Address.

Hon. B. W. Green, who returned last Sunday from an extended visit to the Pacific coast states, this trip forming one of three visits that covered 32 states. He was full of interesting observations that would interest our readers if we had space to give his remarks in full. However, we shall give a part of his talk to the members of Board of Trade, as well as points given us. The visit placed the Judge in elegant form and he looked in the prime of health. Mr. Green went to the far west in the interest of Mr. Joseph Kaye, who has extensive lumbering interests in the State of Washington; he stopped at Philchuck, Wash., where he was the guest of Mr. Jas. L. Norie, who is interested in, and is manager, of one of the largest lumbering operations in that state, in connection with Mr. Jos Kaye. His visit extended through all the great northern agricultural states of the Mississippi Valley and every one of the states with one exception, west of the Rocky Mountains. He was at Seattle, Wash., the day the great American fleet arrived in the harbor of that city of 250,000 population, and witnessed the extensive illuminations, parades and entertainments. There were 500,000 visitors in Seattle to witness the parade of the marines, state military and civic bodies. While viewing this great sight, he was happily surprised to see Mr. and Mrs. Geo. B. Barclay stnading a few feet in front of him. It took but a minute to slap the Capt. on his back—then the surprise was mutual. A few days later he witnessed the same fleet and similar demonstrations in the harbor at Tacoma. Here Fred A. Blac kwell is located and is one of the leading business men of that great city. He also had a pleasant visit with Fred A. Hill and family, at their beautiful residence in the finest section of the city and found them nicely located and in good health. He saw the extensive timber land holdings of Hon. Chas. W. Stone, located near Seattle, which is regarded one of the most valuable timber tracts on the Pacific coast. At Butte, Montana, he visited an old friend in that great copper field. From Tacoma he went to Portland, Oregon, the principal city of Oregon, with 250,000 population. This city also has a fine port. Here the largest steamers land freight and passengers. From Portland Mr. Green went to San Francisco population between three and four hundred thousand, the largest on the coast. The city is rising rapidly from the effects of the great earthquake disaster. Scores of large, substantial and elegant buildings are being erected to take the place of those destroyed. In a few years not a tracé of the great disaster will remain. In speaking of trade conditions he said he found the business outlook rapidly recovering its normal condition—the lumber industry being last to recover. Railroad building in the far west is being pushed with the vigor and energy of good times. The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul have graded nearly the entire distance I rode, from St. Paul to Seattle, a distance of 1600 miles. They are now engaged in completing bridges and laying iron and expect to have the road in operation from St. Paul to Butte, two-thirds the dittance by Sept. 1st, and completed to the Pacific in one near. The Gould lines are graded and will soon have lines from Salt Lake to San Francisco, a distance of 800 miles, thus completing connecting links to Pacific coast. Many other large railroad projects are in full progress.

The crop prospects in the great agricultural districts were never better on account, in a great measure, by reason of the rainy season extending later in the season than usual—the fall for May being four inches—more than ever known since the settlement of Salt Lake. Located in the heart of what once known as the Great Desert, Millions of acres have been regained by irrigation.

Denver is the most beautiful city of the Mississippi Valley. Great wealth and mining interests continues to prosper Denver.

Judge Green's interesting talk was applauded, especially his "golden message of prosperity."

Mr. Green was then followed by Hon. Josiah Howard, Dr. R. P. Heilman and Mr. F. D. Leet, all of interest, yet we are unable to publish them this week. Mr. Howard kindly consented to have his remarks laid over, while we do not think the other gentlemen would object.

The banquet did not adjourn until one o'clock, but none regretted the lateness unless it was the patient ladies of tha hotel. All things taken into consideration, we believe much good will result from this evening of good cheer. Many guests united with our Board of Trade—let others follow. Hand your names to either officer—the fee for one year being $5.00.

Now Onward.

Letter From Mr. Walker.

BUFFALO, N. Y., JUNE 8, 1908.

MY DEAR CAPTAIN JOHNSON:—

This is the day appointed for the meeting of the Board of Trade. I very much wished to attend, and fully expected to, but at the last moment I find I cannot leave uncompleted the errand which has held me in this city for the past few days.

Had I been able to attend the meeting of the Board, and been accorded the opportunity, I should have been glad to bear witness to the bounty of our county to her people. We all know, and appreciate the lavish gifts of the finest lumber that she has furnished, but as yet few of us realize the additional store of treasure she has prepared and guarded for us through the ages, in the form of clays. Surely the builders need have no fear of a cessation of their craft because we have taken, almost to the exhaustion of her lumber store, for carefully laid away in the higher land elevations, are nicely assorted strata of different clays for different uses. It is true that in the suitable preparation of these clays heat must be applied; but here again our county has been most kind. Sometimes underlying, sometimes overlying she has placed the coal for the generating of the needed heat. She has also anticipated ages beforehand the difficulties that abound in the sorting of clays, so she herself has sorted and cleaned the different kinds of clays as other counties have not done, and has given us, first, a stratum of clean, soft fireclay, about eight feet thick from which we can make the following ware so much needed: Sewer tile; Conduit tile, for electric underground wires; building tile; high grade face brick, for building purposes.

Below this stratum of soft fire clay about twenty feet, there lies a vein of hard fire clay about nine feet thick, from which can be produced the following materials: Fire brick, for high refractory purposes; cruciples, for reduction purposes, such as brass foundry and similar work and cupola linings.

Finally she has been most generous with a large vein or stratum of the purest vitrifying shale. The list of materials that can be produced from this stratum would indeed be a long one. The clay industry in our county is still too new to have brought to the county of Cameron the full measure of good name that is her just due, but still it is true that she has already attained no small degree of favor in the paving industry as a producer of high grade paving block, and now, at all lettings for brick pavements, in all the large cities of the New England and Atlantic States, as well as Canada, our neighbor across the line, the "shale pavers" of Cameron are always mentioned, and, if accorded the successful bid, gratefully welcomed by engineers and taxpayers.

To date only one branch of the clay industry has been developed in Cameron county. She has given to us generously, it remains for us her citizens to profit by her gifts, and bring her name to fair prominence, as she deserves, in proportion to her gifts to us.

These are the facts, my dear Captain, that I would present to the Board of Trade, of Cameron county, together with our kindest greetings and well wishes for the future of the county of Cameron and her Board of Trade.

Regretting my inability to attend the meeting, I am,

Cordially yours,
W. H. G. WALKER.

A Lawn Social.

The people of West Creek will hold a lawn social, just one mile west of Emporium, at Rogertown, Friday evening, June 12th, 1908. They will serve ice cream, strawberries and cake. All persons desirous of spending a pleasant evening are cordially invited.

Strawberry and Ice Cream Social.

The young people of Sterling Run M. E. Church will hold the first strawberry and ice cream festival of the season, Saturday evening, June 13th, 1908, in Brooks hall. They will also serve cake, coffee and sandwiches. The public is cordially invited to attend.

Grove Pic-Nics.

Our young folks are enjoying themselves hugely this fine weather and many pic-nics are being held in our beautiful Groves. Last Saturday Miss Pearl McGrain entertained a party of her young lady friends, in Walker's grove, north Sixth street. The party was composed of: Misses Margaret Crandell, May Henry, Gertrude Pepperman, Ruth Pearsall, Belle Campbell, Carolyn Moore, Ethel Creighton, Violet Swanson, Velma Frappier, Caroline Knickerbocker, Bessie Edwards, Nina Morse, Dora Morse, Rebertie Murray.

Under the management of Miss Ruth Pearsall, the following young ladies enjoyed Wednesday at Keystone Park with the first pic-nic of the season: The Misses Margaret Klees, Mary and Avis Dodson, Carolyn Moore, Grace Halderman. Mary McGrain, Evelyn Donovan, Rose McDonough, Mildred Proudfoot, Hazel Farrell and Sara Kraft.

The Paving Question.

Editor Press:—

I understand there are a few people residing on Fourth street, within the space proposed to be paved, who are saying some hard things about me, because I will not agree to bankrupt myself by contributing one-third the expense of said proposed paving in front of my property.

First, let me say that I don't believe there is a man living, or one that owns property within the distance that would agree do so, if they had as much frontage as I have, and certainly it would not be the men most active in this paving project that would do so, and I believe every citizen in town will bear me out in this. Again, the parties circulating this petition for this paving in giving the people an estimate of what it will cost each one and if I and others can figure, it will cost each one nearly or twice as much as represented. I do not see how I could get out of it for less than six hundred dollars and a side walk I have just laid $100 a fence ordered will cost me $200. Taxes now about due, $200, making $1,100 I would have to raise. I trust and hope the good people will not impose this burden on me. If it must be paved, let the Borough do it and let the taxes pay the bill. Then the burden will be equal.

L. TAGGART.

Emporium, Pa., June 9th, 1908.

Gone to South Dakota.

Fred Julian departed yesterday afternoon for Custer, South Dakota, accompanied by his faithful employee, Mr. Thomas McGrain. Mr. Julian has extensive mining interests there that require his attention. During his many years residence here he was closely identified with Emporium and liberally contributed to the upbuilding of Emporium. He never turned down an appeal. We regret he has found it necessary to leave Emporium, His beautitul home on Broad street was yesterday leased to Mr. E. H. Hughes, mining engineer and contractor with Emporium Iron and Coal Company, who will take possession at once.

Three Days' Fishing.

Judge LaBar accompanied a party of young men on a three day fishing vacation, locating on main stream, near Peasley's. The party left on Tuesday morning and consisted of Judge LaBar, Geo. and Carl Rishell and Wm. Welsh, son of Thos. Welsh. They are expected home to-day.

THE WEATHER.
FRIDAY,
SATURDAY
SUNDAY,

ASSETS
At the close of business June 10, 1908.
$833,557.40
First National Bank,
EMPORIUM, PA.

$1.00—Cultivate the saving habit in your children by opening a saving account in this Bank, ONE DOLLAR starts an account.
INTEREST PAID ON CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT.

DR. LEON REX FELT,
DENTIST.
Rockwell Block, Emporium, Pa

DR. H. W. MITCHELL,
DENTIST,
(Successor to Dr. A. B. Mead.)
Office over A. F. Vogt's Shoe Store,
Emporium, Pa 121

Children's Day.

Next Sunday will be observed as Children's Day in the Methodist Episcopal church of Emporium, at 10:30 a. m. Brief sermon by the pastor, appropriate to the day will be preached, preceeded by the baptism of children. In the evening, beginning at 7:30 o'clock, exercises in charge of Sunday school. The offering will be in the interest of education. A cordial welcome to all persons, who do not worship regularly elsewhere is extended.

The Best on Earth.

Protection against Accidents and Sickness is an absolute necessity. It costs but $5.00 a year for $15.00 weekly benefits, and $2,000 death claim. The only policy paying such liberal benefits. Identification card and case presented to each policy holder; liberal commissions to agents, by the German Commercial Accident Co., Phil'a, Pa. W. R. Sizer, Gen'l Agent, Sizerville, Pa. Drop him a postal—He will do the balance. 17-1y.

Another Emporium Boy Makes Good Record.

Frank H. Murry, of St. Marys, (an Emporium product) visited in town last Friday, accompanied by his wife. Frank is one of the most active business men in St. Marys, being President of the Elk Engineering Works, Manager of St. Marys Electric Co., Chief Engineer of St. Marys Brewing Co., and Consulting Engineer for Hall, Kaul & Co. He is a busy man and seems to carry the weight of his many responsibilities with ease and comfort. Give an Emporium boy a fair chance and he always makes good. This reminds one of the fact that many of our young men are climing up the ladder, which should be an incentive to more of our boys.

Friday Night Club.

Miss Margaret Crandell, one of Emporium's popular young ladies, entertained the "Friday Night Club," last Thursday evening at her home on Fifth street—sixteen young ladies and gents being present:

Mae Henry, Mary McGrain, Clare Lathrope, Florence Lingle, Nancy Turley, Ruth Jackson, Helen Welsh and Messrs. Harry Levecke, Frank Housler, Clark Metzger, Leon Dininny, Oscar Foster, Joe McNarney, Harry Hogan, Whitely Howard, John Creighton.

Piano Tuning,

Prof. A. E. Baker, the expert piano tuner, will visit Emporium, June 15th, to remain several days. All persons wishing their pianos tuned will please leave word at PRESS office, or City Hotel.

Good News.

A telegram received by Mr. T. F. Moore, Wednesday evening from Philadelphia, stated that his wife had successfully passed through the operation.

Cabbage Plants.

Early and late, 20c per 100; $1.50 per 1,000. FRED K. ZIMMER,
17-3 Gardeau, Pa.

The souvenir number of the 28th annual encampment Penna. Sons of Veterans, contains a portrait of Don M. Larrabee, a former Emporium boy, who is secretary of general encampment committee at Williamsport.

Senator Penrose for chairman of Republican national committe meets with hearty response in Chicago.

CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

H. H. MULLIN, Editor.

Published Every Thursday.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

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If paid in advance..... 1 50

ADVERTISING RATES:

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion. Rates by the year, or for six or three months, are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square three times or less, $2; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Local notices 10 cents per line for one insertion; 5 cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, 10 cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business cards, five lines or less, $5 per year; over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising.

No local inserted for less than 75 cents per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW PRINTING.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

The shadow of the next thing you will have to dodge may be seen swiftly approaching. It is the motor roller skate.

Why invest in battleships, asks the economical citizen, when an American liner can run down and sink an armored cruiser?

Even with certified milk up to 17 cents a quart, it is hard for the man who lives in a flat to see just how he is going to keep a cow.

Of a congregation of over 1,000 at the First Methodist church of Syracuse, N. Y., only 14 admitted having been converted after reaching the age of 21.

African negroes use tooth brushes; they are fashioned out of the wood of several kinds of trees. They are easy to make and cost nothing, no bristles being used.

Getting a case of rheumatism in a cold sleeping car and then suing the company for damages, however, will be found to be an exceedingly slow way of making money.

Andrew Carnegie says the United States has the worst monetary system in the world. Yet some men have accumulated quite satisfactory wads of money under that system.

A steamer loaded with 400,000,000 firecrackers is on its way from Shanghai to this country. What has become of the patriots who were going to arrange for a safe and sane Fourth of July this year?

The outlook for crops in India is poor. This is discouraging to the people of that country, who seldom have a surplus. And it will necessitate drawing upon the food supplies of the United States, which always has a large quantity to spare.

Out of the 105 counties which the state of Kansas has within its domains at least 50 have no paupers. One-half the county poor farms are empty, save for the keeper, who draws his salary and waits for patronage. There are no saloons in Kansas.

Ex-Senator W. A. Clark of Montana has been on a trip through the west and says everything is promising for big crops. That means an ample supply of food products, a large surplus for export and lively business for the railroads; also marked accession to the general prosperity.

Castro of Venezuela, who has been ill, has so far recovered that he is able to ride horseback, which he has not done for two years past. It is not that sort of practice to which objection can be taken. But it would be better for Venezuela if Castro would dismount from his political high horse.

Some boys recently convicted of throwing stones in Everett, Mass., were sentenced to proceed to a commodious dump and there throw stones for a full half hour under the eye of the law. The Solomonic wisdom of the sentence seems to have been proved by the disgust and weariness in which the culprits worked out their punishment.

On the open shelves of the Brookline (Mass.) library only 90 books were lost during the past year. If this looks like a good many, it must be remembered that none of the books that disappeared were worth stealing for their pecuniary value, and that the total number of books exposed counts up to over 150,000. Which simply goes to show that folks that use public libraries are awful careless.

Promotion in the public service is still the rule. Mr. John S. Leech, the new public printer, entered the government printing office as a compositor in 1889, was afterward made proofreader, and then raised to the foremanship of a division. In 1901 he became public printer in the Philippines, and after seven years' service there is called home to take charge of the department in Washington.

How accident sometimes reveals great opportunities is shown by the story from Winnipeg to the effect that the falling of a large mass of rocks and ice disclosed a great vein of anthracite, of the existence of which no one had been aware previously. The landslide unhappily resulted in killing and injuring several of the laborers employed in the work. This result is to be deplored. The general benefits following the discovery, however, will be great. There is a very strong demand for anthracite throughout western Canada.

MONEY CAST AWAY

CAMPAIGN EXPENDITURES THAT AVAIL LITTLE.

Indianapolis News Thinks It Time to Call a Halt on the Raising of Large Sums for Expenses of Election.

We wish that party committees could be brought to realize that of the vast sums of money used in political campaigns large amounts are absolutely wasted. In the News of Tuesday it was announced that the Republican leaders were beginning to be worried over the outlook for political contributions. We doubt whether they have much cause to worry, for there are indications that the "interests" will show the usual practical interest. The difficulty seems to be, not so much one of getting the money, as one of accepting it. "I do not," says one eminent Republican, "see how our party dare accept large contributions from the trusts in the next fall's campaign," and he went on to say that he was "convinced that if the Republican party is caught accepting money from the trusts next fall it will go down to defeat on that one issue. I know," he added, "what the temper of the people is on this subject."

Here obviously is a great gain. In the old days both parties would take money from anyone, and the only question was as to how to get it. Now they are fearful to accept it unless it come from the most irreproachable pockets. In this same statement it was said that millions of dollars went into the campaign of 1896 on the Republican side, that $2,000,000 was spent in 1900, and more than $1,000,000 in 1904 for the circulation of literature only. It was said further on good authority that the Republican committee will need this year anywhere from $3,000,000 to $5,000,000—the larger amount preferred. Yet everyone knows that much money is wasted in campaigns. It is given by no one knows whom, and is spent by men who are wholly beyond the necessity of rendering any account of their stewardship. The whole system invites waste. Even legitimate expenses are much larger than they need be. It was absurd to spend more than $1,000,000 for the printing and circulation of campaign documents. Few of these are read, probably few of them ever reach the individual voter. If the committees would give their literature to the speakers, and to them only, it would reach the people in the most effective form and at much less cost. Surely the time for reform in this business has come. No campaign ought to cost millions of dollars. We do not believe that any campaign can honestly cost so much as that.

But the Republicans—and the Democrats, too—will raise all the money they can. The refusal of the Republican congress to pass the bill providing for publicity in this matter of campaign contributions can only be taken as indicating that they are unwilling to shut off the usual sources of supply on the eve of a presidential campaign. The whole thing is scandalous, and needlessly so, as much of the money contributed is used to no purpose, not even to a corrupt purpose. It might as well be burned by the committees as fast as it is received.—Indianapolis News.

"On the Job."

Ever since the army officers were put in charge of the canal work in Panama there has been a comparative lack of news from the isthmus, bearing on the progress of the work. It might appear that lethargy had suddenly seized the workers, about whom so much was heard under the former regime.

But it now appears that the contrary is the case. No news is proverbially good news, and little news from Panama has really meant much progress.

Secretary Taft's report of conditions in the canal zone, and of work done under the quiet, businesslike supervision of Col. Goethals, is most gratifying. The colonel, as a military man who had his orders and is accustomed to going ahead with them without fuss or criticism, has been, colloquially speaking, "on the job;" and while the hum of gossip and contention audible before he took hold has ceased, the hum of industry has been incessant.

Mr. Taft reports that at the present rate of excavation only three years more will be required to complete the spade work on the big ditch. The construction of the great locks and the Gatun dam will, of course, require additional time; but even these works are substantially under way. The vital health and labor problems, once thought almost insuperable, have been successfully coped with; and the canal strip is suggestively described by Mr. Taft as strung from end to end with busy and decently kept villages.

The government made no mistake in cutting loose from the experiment of intrusting this work to high priced independent civilian engineers, who were apt to throw up the job when dissatisfied with arrangements and orders, or tempted elsewhere, as Mr. Taft said of Engineer Wallace, by "mere lucre." Col. Goethals, as an army officer, proposes to see the work he is assigned to through to the best of his ability, as a matter of course; and the results for the nation thus far are most satisfactory. His name is likely to be among the foremost associated with the achievement of the Panama canal. More power to him.—Milwaukee Sentinel.

FOR WISE TARIFF REVISION.

Chicago Post Pleads for an Intelligent Readjustment.

In spite of blind opposition tariff revision is slowly gaining ground in congress and by the sheer weight of the intelligent support behind it. Those who hold the tariff not a political plaything or party slogan cannot but regret that the Beveridge bill for an expert commission has failed of success in Washington, but with this wise measure smothered the next best thing seems sure of accomplishment. In the interim between the present and the next session of the national legislature an investigation is to be made which promises to be more than superficial and perfunctory.

This agreeable assurance was forthcoming when the senate adopted the resolution drawn by Senator Beveridge and presented by the committee on finance authorizing the employment of government experts "and such other assistants as may be necessary" to secure the information needed for "an intelligent revision of the customs laws of the United States."

An intelligent revision is what the country needs more perhaps than anything else that it can receive from the hands of congress. Tinkering with the tariff will do no good; in fact, it will do harm, while an equitable readjustment will allay the uncertainty and remove the injustices which now rest heavily upon the commercial and industrial interests of the nation.

Upon the committee on finance to which has been intrusted this task of tariff study rests a vast responsibility. In only one way can the committee achieve success, and that is by making an exhaustive study of the country's needs and refitting the tariff to those needs without flinching. Tremendous indeed will be the influences brought to bear upon the committeemen to spare this or that interest. Havoc would follow the yielding to such demands. The country needs and the country must have an intelligent and comprehensive readjustment. To achieve this the friends of revision must keep alert.—Chicago Evening Post.

Senator Teller's Accusation.

Senator Teller admitted he was in error when he charged President Roosevelt with secretly making additions to the national forests after adoption by congress of the measure to prevent further extensions in certain states, says the Pittsburg Dispatch.

Inexcusable as was the error of Senator Teller in making an unfounded charge against the president two afternoon papers in this city made the charge more heinous without a shadow of foundation. One in its editorial and the other in its headlines asserted that Senator Teller had accused the president of "altering the bill after it had passed congress." There was nothing in the news to give color to such an assertion. Senator Teller said Mr. Roosevelt had added 20,000,000 acres to the national forests after the bill exempting certain states had passed congress. Mr. Roosevelt did exactly that, as all the reading world might have known, for he announced it openly and stated his reason at the time. Congress has not accepted his challenge to rescind that action by legislation.

In his six years in the White House President Roosevelt has done nothing better than the making of additions to the national forests. The pity is that he has been prevented from making other additions for the conservation of the timber supply. President Cleveland began this excellent national policy, President McKinley followed the precedent and President Roosevelt has exercised the power in larger measure, with the approval of every right-thinking American who has taken the trouble to inform himself upon this subject. The need for forest protection is most urgent.

What! Money Used for Bryan?

Of course, everybody familiar with national politics knows now that a vast amount of money was spent by the silver interests in 1896 and again in 1900 in the effort to secure the election of Mr. Bryan, but the facts were less obvious at the time of their occurrence than since, just as the country has been illumined as to the contributions made to the Republican campaigns of those years. But of late Mr. Bryan has developed acute antipathy to the misuse of money in politics. And if he has been quite partisan in pointing his illustrations, he has justly denounced the practice in general.

But now comes the shocking story that his backers in Minnesota used $20,000 to defeat instructions in that state for Gov. Johnson, on the theory that if Minnesota could, by such blandishments, be passed into the Bryan column, the Johnson boom would collapse and disappear. This charge ought to be "meat" for Mr. Bryan. He should have it investigated forthwith and, if it is true, he should proceed to banish the perpetrators of the crime from the fold of Democracy. And if it should be shown that he had knowledge of what was going on, Mr. Bryan should be a real Spartan, acknowledge the fact and use his eloquence to justify his transgression or to plead his pardon. Plainly it is up to him to do something.

But the charitable and reasonable view to take of this Minnesota incident is that Mr. Bryan had no more to do with it than Mr. Johnson has with Wall street's preference for his candidacy as against that of the Nebraska man, although Mr. Bryan has refused to exercise for Mr. Johnson the charity that would be due him if Wall street is putting up money for him without his knowledge or consent

SIX KILLED; EIGHT INJURED

STEAM PIPE BURSTS ON ARMORED CRUISER TENNESSEE.

Some of the Victims Were Cooked Alive—Admiral Sebree Escapes—Cause of Accident Unknown.

San Pedro, Cal.—A terrible accident occurred on board the United States armored cruiser Tennessee at 11:08 o'clock Friday morning while the ship was steaming at 19 knots on a speed trial off Point Huenene, Cal., a steam pipe in the starboard engine room bursting under 235 pounds pressure, killing six men and injuring eight others, all the men in the compartment at the time.

The explosion, the cause of which is unknown, occurred only a few minutes after Admiral Uriel, Capt. B. F. Howard and Chief Engineer Robertson had left the engine room on a tour of inspection. Four of the men were killed instantly and two more died at San Pedro after the arrival of the Tennessee.

The surviving seamen, all of whom suffered injuries, acted with the greatest heroism in aiding their unfortunate mates. Rear Admiral Sebree escaped death or serious injury in the fated fire pit by a narrow margin.

The Tennessee, flagship of the second division of the Pacific cruiser fleet, left Santa Barbara at 10 o'clock Friday morning with the cruisers Pennsylvania, Washington, Colorado and West Virginia in her wake, on the semi-annual official speed trial provided for by naval regulations. Admiral Sebree had ordered the cruisers to full speed, and the Tennessee had just concluded a series of evolutions and started straightaway.

So great was the blast of soot and steam that every man in the room was blackened from head to foot, while those closest to the break were cooked alive.

Rear Admiral Sebree said: "The explosion was one of those accidents which cannot be provided against."

DUN'S REPORT ENCOURAGING

Improvement in Commercial Channels and Manufacturing Activities Increases.

New York City.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: Improvement continues in commercial channels, increased manufacturing activity and seasonable weather being the dominant influences of the past week. In all leading industries there is less idle machinery and staple lines of merchandise at retail quickly respond to the larger pay rolls. Mercantile collections are also more prompt and confidence grows stronger as the crops advance toward maturing with no more serious handicap than excessive moisture in some sections. While the first week in June compares favorably with any previous week this year, there still appears a large decrease in comparison with the volume of business in the same week of 1907.

A lower price for steel bars was the most significant event of the week in the iron and steel industry. It came as a surprise because at the recent meeting of leading interests it was agreed that no reduction would be made and the trade is now waiting for better terms in other departments. Much pending business will be deferred if there is any prospect of a general cut in prices, although special conditions existing in the bar market do not prevail elsewhere, notably the competition of iron bars for the season's requirements for agricultural implement makers that must soon be met. Restoration of prices for pig iron checked the improved distribution, and absence of the expected ore inquiries has caused further postponement of lake shipments.

ALL OHIO MINES WILL RESUME

Union Delegates and Operators Agree on a Mining Scale for Eastern Ohio District.

Cleveland, O.—Coal operators and miners of the Eastern Ohio district reached a two-year agreement Friday after a stormy session at The Hollenden hotel. All differences were amicably adjusted and work in all mines will be resumed. In the eastern Ohio or No. 8 field 10,000 miners are employed. They are directly affected by this action.

The scale decided upon is the same as that of two years ago, a machine rate of 61½ cents a ton. For loading, the miners will be paid 50½ cents a ton and for cutting 11 cents. Both the operators and miners made various demands and wanted changes in the former scale, but in the wind up all these were cast aside.

At this meeting the action taken at Wheeling, doing away with a two-cent-a-ton rate for dead work, was confirmed. In addition to the regular scale agreement an extra agreement was reached Friday regarding slate.

Sixty Thousand Dollars in Fines Paid.

Kansas City.—Three packing companies and one railroad company, convicted in 1906 of rebating and sentenced to pay fines aggregating $60,000 Friday handed to the clerk of the United States a check for the total amount of their fines plus costs.

Eight Killed; Many Injured.

Annapolis, Md.—Eight persons were killed outright and a score or more injured in a head-on collision on the electric railway between this city and Camp Parole Friday.

LANING IS ONE OF BANKERS INDICTED

NORWALK CONGRESSMAN ACCUSED AF EMBEZZLING STOCK VALUED AT $2,000.

WON'T RESIGN FROM TICKET

Three Others Held by the Grand Jury—Arrests Are Made in Connection With the Failure of the Ohio Trust Company.

Norwalk, O.—Congressman J. F. Laning of the Fourteenth district, who is making a fight for re-election, was indicted by the grand jury in connection with the failure of the Ohio Trust Co. With Laning, President J. G. Gibbs, Secretary-Treasurer F. W. Christian and William Perrin, a director, were indicted.

The indictments were returned Wednesday, but were not made public until Thursday, when they were served on all four men, who appeared and gave bond.

"I shall fight to a finish," Laning declared. "My enemies have tried to force me to resign from the Republican ticket, but I will not. How can I and retain my self-respect? I told the convention that if I was found to have done any wrong I would resign, and I shall stick to that. But I am inocent and there is no reason for an innocent man to get off the ticket."

The embezzlement charge against Congressman Laning is based on the charge that in December, 1905, he converted to his own use, 20 shares of Norwalk Savings bank stock, par value $2,000, which stock was then owned by the Ohio Trust Co., of which he was then director.

Christian is charged with making two false reports to the state auditor on the bank's condition, one in December, 1907, and the other in March, 1908. It is claimed that he inflated the statement of resources. Two charges of perjury are based on the fact that he swore to these statements.

Gibbs and Laning in September, 1905, according to the charge in the indictment, said to Richard W. Whitehead, "We never speculate in stocks. We loan on real estate. It is solid rock security. We require income-producing property," (meaning, the indictment says, as security for loans.)

Perrin, the indictments charge, when a director in December, 1906, pretended to Dennis Gilmore that the bank loaned money only on real estate and induced Gilmore to deposit $1,065. In September, 1905, he is charged with inducing Richard W. Whitehead to deposit $50 and in October, 1905, inducing Henry Mack to deposit $1,000 on similar statements.

MAJOR DREYFUS WOUNDED

Military Writer of Note Fires Two Shots at Him, One Bullet Entering His Forearm.

Paris, France.—Just at the close of the ceremonies attending the canonization of Emile Zola in the Pantheon Thursday, when the president of France, the premier and a host of ministers of state were taking their departure, Louis Anthehne Gregori, a military writer of note, drew a revolver and fired two shots point blank at Major Alfred Dreyfus, for whose liberty Zola fought and won.

Men distinguished in all walks of life filled the Pantheon, and when the shots rang out there was intense excitement in fear that the president had been assassinated, but even the attempt on the life of Major Dreyfus created a profound impression. Soldiers speedily surrounded Gregori and he was taken to jail, bruised and bleeding, with his clothes almost torn from his back.

The affair has created a tremendous sensation in Paris and the motive of the would-be assassin is the cause of much mystification, for Gregori, instead of being an ordinary fanatic, such as is carried away by the political passions of the moment, is a man of mature age, having been born in 1844, and was highly esteemed in the circles where he was known. Although born of Italian parents, he has been an ardent Frenchman for years and has written authoritatively on military subjects, enjoying close relations with many high French officers. He was one of the correspondents who followed the big French and German maneuvers for obtaining data for technical papers.

Major Dreyfus was not seriously injured. A bullet entered his forearm, but did not injure the bone. At a late hour Thursday night the official statement was made that his condition was very favorable and that no complications were feared.

Three Killed, 20 Injured.

Joliet, Ill.—Three persons were killed and 20 injured in a collision between an Elgin, Joliet and Eastern freight and an Aurora and Joliet electric car Thursday night seven miles west of Joliet.

$200,000 Loss by Fire.

Norfolk, Va.—Fire at 1:30 o'clock Friday morning on Main street completely destroyed several buildings in the business section of Norfolk. The damage is between $150,000 and $200,000.

INJURED IN A CONFLAGRATION

THREE YOUNG WOMEN SERIOUSLY BURNED.

Others Were Painfully Scorched When an Explosive Factory at Amherst, O., Was Damaged.

Amherst, O.—Three young women were seriously burned and several others painfully scorched near here Wednesday by a fire at the plant of the American Dynilite Co. A vat of chemicals in the loading room ignited from coming in contact with some metal.

Miss Minerva Barkley, age 24, was probably fatally burned before she could be rescued by Supt. Allyn, whose heroic work prevented her instant death. Mrs. Elizabeth Haas was burned about the face and ears, and her hair was burned off. Miss Rosalia Downs, age 20, received a sprained ankle by leaping from a window.

When the fire occurred about a dozen persons, mostly girls, were working in the plant. Supt. Allyn was also in the room conducting the work of loading torpedoes with dynilite, a new explosive which the firm produces.

The exact cause of the explosion has not been determined. Two tons of the explosive were stored in the building, but according to officials of the company it will not explode unless touched off with an electric spark. The fire tends to prove this claim as no explosion occurred.

Edith Keating was the only person in the building to escape even slight injuries. Eliza Lee, age 16, of Amherst was packing a torpedo with the explosive and had just placed a cap on the tube which contained 75 pounds of dynilite. A flame suddenly shot up from the vat in which the dynilite is stored.

SCHOOL CHILDREN LACK FOOD

Kitchens Opened on East Side in New York City to Feed Hungry Ones—Tots Faint While Reciting.

New York City.—Emergency measures for the relief of hundreds of pupils in East Side schools who have been found to be suffering from lack of food have been adopted by the committee of East Side school board members, organized as a result of the serious conditions which the reports of school principals in the section revealed.

At a conference late Wednesday the committee decided to arrange for the speedy opening of two kitchens on the lower East Side at which the hungry children may be fed. While the funds for the support of these kitchens have been supplied only in part, the public has been so stirred by the disclosures of the pitiable plight of children fainting at their desks from want of sufficient nourishment that the committee anticipates no trouble in obtaining by subscription all the money needed for the purpose.

That the reports already made public have hardly painted conditions black enough was the statement made by Isadore M. Levy, chairman of the third school district committee.

"An investigation," said Mr. Levy, "has shown that many of the destitute families have sent their little tots to school without having given them food for 48 hours. To my personal knowledge several children have fainted while they were reciting in their class rooms."

MEAT ONLY FOR MILLIONAIRES

Secretary Wilson in a Statement Says High Price of Hay and Corn is the Cause.

Washington, D. C.—"If the price of meat keeps going up as it has been in the last few years it will only be a matter of time when none but the rich people of America can afford to eat it."

This statement was made by Secretary Wilson of the department of agriculture.

"Think of it," said the secretary, "corn at 76 and 78 cents. How can a farmer afford to raise cattle with corn at that price? How can a farmer afford to feed hay to cattle at the price that he can obtain for it on the market? Why should a farmer continue to raise cattle with the little profit in his work, as there necessarily must be when we look at the prices of fodder. Beef prices will soon be so high that people like us will be unable to get it to eat at all."

Mangled in Machinery.

Lebanon, O.—Tom Wise, an employe of the King Power Works at Kings Mills, met a horrible death in the felting department Wednesday afternoon. His clothing was caught by the machinery and he was drawn into it. One arm was torn completely off and his neck broken, death resulting instantly. He lived at Mainsville and was alone when the accident occurred.

2-Cent Rate to England.

Washington, D. C.—Postmaster General Meyer announced on Wednesday that an agreement had been reached with the British government providing for a letter postage of 2 cents an ounce between the United States and Great Britain and Ireland, to become operative October 1.

Engineers Meet in Detroit in 1910.

Columbus, O.—Detroit was selected on Wednesday as the place of the meeting of the International Locomotive Engineers for the year 1910.

ONE BIG COMBINE

FORCE OF MAIL-ORDER PRESS AGAINST COUNTRY TOWNS.

ADVERTISING THAT COUNTS

How Money and Trade Are Centralized in Great Cities to the Loss of the People in Agricultural Sections.

"These are the days of trusts and this is an era of trusts," writes W. D. Percival, late publisher of the Stanton (Neb.) Picket. "It is contended that there are some good trusts, but when the X-rays of investigation have been turned upon them it has been impossible to locate the good points. To-day the most menacing trust in the world is the commercial combination that is intended to destroy the retail trade of the country, diverting it into the great money centers. This has reference to the catalogue houses that have grown up in the large cities within the past few years. We can all remember not long ago when there was a country store at every cross-roads and at the same time there were prosperous towns every few miles along every railroad. In each one of these towns there were from two to half a dozen general stores, besides the other stores that were handling special lines. They all enjoyed a good trade and sold goods at reasonable profits.

"To-day, in every agricultural and industrial section of the country you can notice the results that have been brought about by the catalogue houses. The cross-roads stores have gone, and in the towns business houses have been vacated, their windows boarded up and the former occupants driven into bankruptcy or other occupations. Not that the catalogue houses have sold cheaper than the small merchants, but they have flooded the country with catalogues and advertisements, alluring away the trade that rightfully belonged at home. These catalogue houses are owned and managed by able business men, built upon the broad gauge plan, who realize the benefits to be derived from advertising. They have organized an advertising campaign and each year they are spending fortunes, not only publishing and sending out catalogues, but they have built up a combination of newspapers that are nothing but mail-order journals. It is shown that the combined circulation of these sheets aggregate 32,000,000 copies per month. These they send broadcast over the country at their own expense. They do not stop at this, but go into every magazine, agricultural, religious and other paper that will accept their advertising. They pay the top price for this advertising and in this way they are enabled to reach about every farmer in the land. They set aside each year millions of dollars for advertising.

"Thus it will be seen that the catalogue houses and certain classes of publishers are in a combine that constitutes one of the most damnable trusts ever known. So far the country press, although frequently approached, has turned a deaf ear to the siren voice of these destroyers of home trade. In return for this, the country merchants should be liberal in their patronage of the local papers, which have demonstrated that they are true friends in a time of need. The mail-order houses are in the business for money and the only way to combat them is to agree upon a line of action. The country press and the country merchants must get together and start a campaign of education. The country press is on the right side and by all working together and for one purpose, the grip now enjoyed by the catalogue houses can be broken and trade turned back into its legitimate channels."

Frog Farming; A New Industry.

Frog farming is destined sooner or later to become a very important national industry. I predict that within a very few years few farmers will neglect to utilize their waste swampy land for the rearing of frogs for the market. Already the United States uses more frogs in six months, it is claimed, than France does in a year. The value of the annual catch in the United States is fully $200,000 and the gross value to the hunters is more than $50,000. There is not the slightest doubt in the world that were frogs available the value of the annual catch would leap at once to more than a million dollars.—Technical World.

He Was Also an Expert.

A strange story comes from one of the Balkan states, where commercial morality is still in its infancy. At a recent banquet given at the home of the prime minister a distinguished diplomat complained to his host that the minister of justice, next to whom he was sitting, had taken his watch. The prime minister said: "Ah, he shouldn't have done that. I will get it back for you." Sure enough, towards the end of the evening the watch was returned to its owner. "And what did he say?" asked the guest. "Sh-h! He does not know I have got it back," said the prime minister.

No Slippers for Him.

Albert, who is five years old, was recently accompanied by his grandma to select a birthday present for his mother. He wanted "something useful" and, after many rejections, it was suggested that they buy a pair of opera slippers, when he promptly said:

"No; mamma's got too many of them now. I wouldn't mind getting button boots, for they can't be taken off so easy."

IMPROVING THE TOWN.

Necessity for Sewer Systems and Other Sanitary Measures.

Upon the healthfulness of a city depends much of its success and its growth. Towns that are not reputed to be sanitary places are generally evaded by home-seekers. One is often impressed with the fact that in small towns typhoid and malarial fevers are often more frequent and afflict greater numbers according to population than in the large cities. The simple reason for this is the neglect of sanitary improvement.

In the charter of many towns provision for the building of sewerage systems is overlooked, and years and years elapse before any consideration is given to the importance of providing a means for draining away the unwholesome increment that accumulates. Then it is found that there is a great amount of red tape before funds can be raised by taxation or by voting bonds for the building of a sewerage system.

Small towns as well as large cities, generally draw their authority for the making of public improvements from the state. While nearly all the states provide for bonding and the raising of funds for improvements in the larger cities and towns, the towns of 3,000 or 5,000 population are neglected. Within the past two years the state of Nebraska, realizing the necessity of the smaller towns having the privilege of voting bonds and making assessments against property for the building of sewerage systems, enacted a state law covering all the points involved. This law has already been beneficial, a number of the incorporated villages and towns having commenced the building of sewerage systems.

It is always well when contemplating the building of sewers to estimate that the town is likely to grow, and that a system adequate to give necessary drainage for a town of 3,000 would be inadequate for a town twice the size, and as the town grows the original plans are found lacking and old sewerage lines of little utility, as they must be replaced by new systems. The economic value of perfect drainage for a town cannot be overestimated. The health of the people is paramount to all other things, and where there are unsanitary conditions a town cannot expect to enjoy the greatest prosperity, though the doctors, who are residents of the place, may have exceptionally good practice.

BUYERS SHOULD BEWARE.

Infringements of Patents by Concerns Doing a Mail-Order Business.

Recently the United States circuit court for the southern district of New York handed down a decision which is of particular interest to thousands of farmers throughout the land. Two large manufacturers of cream separators instituted a suit for infringements of their patents against one of the largest mail-order houses. The decision of the court was in favor of the complainants and a decree was rendered granting a permanent injunction and master's order on accounting in favor of the complainants. This case has been before the courts for the past two years. It is claimed that thousands of the separators, infringements upon the patents owned by the complainants, have been sold to farmers throughout the country. The laws of the United States forbid the using of patented machines, as well as the making and selling of the same. The court order means that the mail-order concern will be compelled to pay an equitable amount upon each machine manufactured and sold, as well as the payment of other damages on account of such manufacture and sales. It also means that the two companies, who are the complainants, can prevent each purchaser of the infringed cream separator using the same, or to pay a royalty for the using of the same.

The people should derive a lesson from this. It is not safe to purchase any invention put out by a mail-order concern unless there is positive proof that it is not an infringement. Another thing is, were people inclined to patronize home concerns there would be little chance of being imposed upon, and should trouble arise over the validity of any patent, it is much easier to adjust matters with the home merchant than with some foreign mail-order house.

Ohio-Mississippi Coal Trade.

The Ohio-Mississippi coal trade, which exists to-day, is one of the greatest single movements of cargo in the world. From Pittsburg to New Orleans is 2,000 miles, all downhill. Coal in 1,000-ton barges is rafted into fleets and towed down this distance by powerful steamboats, at a cost of less than 75 cents a ton, against a railroad rate of about $4.50—from Pittsburg to Memphis for 43 cents, against a rail rate of $2.70. Millions of tons of coal have gone this way and always will go this way, because the boats have only to drift, and those that come back, mostly empty, are not hard to shove upstream.—Everybody's.

Ear Protection for Gunners.

The British admiralty have given attention to the question of ear protection during heavy gun firing, and it has been decided to use plasticine, with the addition of cotton wool, but the form of ear protection to be used is to be left to the individual choice of officers and men. Plasticine may be supplied to ships and gunnery schools if specially demanded. The addition of 50 to 60 grains of cotton wool has been recommended to insure perfect safety. It is pointed out that the cost of the material is very small and use is desirable in many cases.

Picked Up in Pennsylvania

MERCERSBURG.—The three-year-old daughter of William Starliper was stung by a bee and died from blood poisoning.

KITTANNING. — Charles DeHass, Walter Curren and Merill Shotts, charged with dynamiting fish, were fined $100 each.

JOHNETTA. — Dissolving match heads in a glass of water, Mrs. Peter Demar drank the poison. A physician revived her and she may live.

GREENSBURG.—John C. White, a farmer of Livermore, while plowing in a corn field, was struck by lightning. His recovery is doubtful.

PHILADELPHIA.—Dividend and interest disbursements by railroads, industrial and public service corporations in June will amount to nearly $74,000,000.

GREENSBURG.—George Hutton, a farmer of Salem township, captured a burglar in his home and marched him at the point of a shotgun to Justice P. J. Shuster's office in Delmont.

GREENSBURG. — Karl Funk, 54 year old, an inmate of the Westmoreland County home, committed suicide by hanging himself to a tree in the rear of the home with a clothesline.

HARRISBURG.—Mayor Meals announced the appointment of William W. Caldwell, assistant resident clerk of the house of representatives, to be city highway commissioner. Mr. Caldwell will accept.

UNIONTOWN. — Fish and Game Warden Maurice T. Maitland and J. T. Ross, a deputy, attempted to arrest a crowd of fishermen near Brownsville and were forced to flee under a rain of bullets from a Winchester repeating rifle.

BUTLER.—Old-time oil field excitement has captured the McBride field, where Harry N. Hoffman struck a gusher. Thousands visited the well on the Mary Dodds farm. Big sums are being offered for leases in the vicinity.

ERIE.—Trying to cross in front of an approaching West Eighth street car with a big steamer touring car will cost the life of one of the members of a Franklin, Pa., touring party. Four others are seriously injured and are in hospitals here.

WASHINGTON.—William Wesley Knight, at one time one of the most prominent school teachers of Washington county and now the oldest resident of Jefferson township, this county, celebrated the ninetieth year of his birth at Eldersville recently.

OIL CITY.—A locomotive hauling the private car of D. T. Murray of Youngstown, O., division superintendent of the Lake Shore railroad, crashed into the rear of a freight train at Reon. Engineer J. Malone of Ashtabula sustained a broken collarbone.

BUTLER.—Five passengers were slightly hurt and 40 others severely jolted when a northbound limited Pittsburg and Butler street car ran into an open switch at the Mars car barns, striking a local car which had taken the siding to give a clear track for the limited.

ALLENTOWN.—All Allentown was thrown into a state of excitement recently by what is believed to have been an earthquake shock. The shock was severe enough to rock buildings, rattle windows, clatter crockery, tumble down two or three shaky chimneys and upset small children.

PUNXSUTAWNEY.—Although in a fight a coal pick was driven through his chest two inches above his heart, the point coming out at his back, John Jamatta, 20 years old, a miner in the Powers mine at Wilslow station, will probably get well. Tony Valasco, who used the pick, is being held.

UNIONTOWN.—Incited to take a life under the threat of forfeiting his own Nicola Mondillo, a 17-year-old Italian, who has been in jail here several months, has made a confession clearing up a puzzling murder and at the same time implicating five others, including Mrs. Pasquale Mondi, widow of the murdered man.

HARRISBURG.—The state railroad commission has received word from the Pennsylvania railroad that it will on June 1 adjust its schedule of trains between Philadelphia and Bustleton to conform to the recommendation of the committee to the Pennsylvania and Reading regarding changes in their schedules upon the petition of the citizens of Bustleton.

UNIONTOWN.—A few hours after reproaching an Italian for killing a song bird, Lee R. Dunn, a merchant of New Salem, was shot at from ambush while driving with his little son, and a bullet barely missed his head.

FRANKLIN.—Gov. Stuart granted a reprieve until July 14 to James N. Strail, wife murderer, sentenced to die. July 14 is the date set for Mike Holka's execution, and Strail's reprieve is due to the desire of Franklin residents to have only one execution day.

SHAMOKIN.—The United Telegraph & Telephone Co.'s operators went on strike for a 10 per cent wage increase, tying up the service.

HARRISBURG.—The state will have money left over after paying the cost of uniform primaries, as only $390,000 has been paid out for this object so far.

KITTANNING.—After swimming half way across the Allegheny river, Joseph Chuttura, a Slav, became exhausted and sank in sight of scores of persons.

TYRONE.—While at work in a paper mill Councilman J. A. Malooney was caught in machinery. His whole body was cut and bruised and one ear was taken off.

GREENSBURG.—The McCormick Lumber Co. of Fairchance was awarded a contract for the erection of two school buildings, the total cost of which will be $75,000.

BEAVER.—A livery stable, three small stables and a carriage factory, with part of their contents, including four horses, were burned here, entailing a loss of $4,700, covered by insurance.

MONESSEN.—With arms thrust deep into soft mud that had held him a prisoner, the body of Samuel Conway, 18 years old, who was drowned in the Monongahela river, was recovered.

ROCHESTER.—Jacob Javens, 42 years old, was found wandering the streets in Vanport. When taken to the Beaver County hospital he died in three hours. He had taken rough on rats.

LANCASTER.—Judge Smith, in the orphans' court, handed down an adjudication in the estate of Tabias Brubaker, deceased, of Providence township, distributing 50 cents, 17 cents going to his wife.

ALTOONA.—Philip Trovata, an Italian butcher, was found dead along the railroad near Mt. Union. He had two bullet holes in his head. Trovata carried considerable money and his pockets were rifled.

IRWIN.—Because the Irwin borough ordinance relating to stray animals says nothing about sheep, Burgess E. P. Shotts and J. L. Frick were held for court by Justice Naley of Manor on a charge of larceny.

PUNXSUTAWNEY.—Although one of their number was fatally shot, three foreigners secured $450 from Mrs. James Rico after she had received a bullet wound. The woman is the wife of a boarding boss at Chambersville.

HUNTINGTON.—Examination showed that Filipo Travato, an Italian, whose body was found decapitated on the East Broad Top railroad, was murdered. Morris Terrazi and Antonio Georgiana are in jail accused of the murder.

HARRISBURG.—Payments to public schools out of the increased appropriation granted by the last legislature will begin immediately. The legislature increased the appropriation from $13,000,000 to $15,000,000 for the two years, beginning June 1.

HARRISBURG.—The deputy factory inspectors in the Schuylkill valley towns are stirring up the owners of buildings which are not properly equipped with fire escapes. In several towns every hall has been closed because of the lack of escapes.

WASHINGTON.—Washington county officials are hunting for thieves who stole three horses belonging to William Dunn of Blainesburg and Thomas Lilley and Thomas Elliot of California. Two of the animals were found hidden in a clump of bushes.

GREENSBURG.—Mrs. Frank Klobner of near Scott Haven, going to the cellar of her home, found her husband hanging from a rope. He had been dead more than an hour. Klobner, who was 32 years of age, sustained an injured head two years ago and was afflicted mentally.

HARRISBURG.—The balances in the state treasury at the close of business for May, as reported by State Treasurer Sheatz, were: General fund, $11,731,886.04, with $464,521.19 held in what is known as a suspended account because of the closing of the Allegheny National bank; sinking fund, $2,455,706.42 with $58,955.99 in the suspended account. The total is $14,711,600.41, the largest so far this year.

BUTLER.—John Dapo of East Butler says he would rather stay in jail a month than pay his board bill. Dapo is said to have money, but denies it. He was taken before Justice W. F. Lytle for jumping a board bill.

WASHINGTON.—Stricken with paralysis while alone in a coal mine, U. L. Greene of Morrisville, Greene county, was found by a searching party after he had been missing 24 hours. His condition is critical. One shoulder was literally cooked by coming in contact with a miner's lamp.

You Read the Other Fellow's Ad

You are reading this one. That should convince you that advertising in these columns is a profitable proposition; that it will bring business to your store. The fact that the other fellow advertises is probably the reason he is getting more business than is falling to you. Would it not be well to give the other fellow a chance

To Read Your Ad In These Columns

Your Stationery

is your silent representative. If you sell fine goods that are up-to-date in style and of superior quality it ought to be reflected in your printing. We produce the kind that you need and will not feel ashamed to have represent you. That is the only kind it pays to send out. Send your orders to this office.

The Buyers' Guide

The firms whose names are represented in our advertising columns are worthy of the confidence of every person in the community who has money to spend. The fact that they advertise stamps them as enterprising, progressive men of business, a credit to our town, and deserving of support. Our advertising columns comprise a Buyers' Guide to fair dealing, good goods, honest prices.

The Place to Buy Cheap
—IS AT—
J. F. PARSONS'

5 DROPS
TRADE MARK
CURES
RHEUMATISM
LUMBAGO, SCIATICA
NEURALGIA and
KIDNEY TROUBLE

"5-DROPS" taken internally, rids the blood of the poisonous matter and acids which are the direct causes of these diseases. Applied externally it affords almost instant relief from pain, while a permanent cure is being effected by purifying the blood, dissolving the poisonous substance and removing it from the system.

DR. S. D. BLAND
Of Brewton, Ga., writes:
"I had been a sufferer for a number of years with Lumbago and Rheumatism in my arms and legs, and tried all the remedies that I could gather from medical works, and also consulted with a number of the best physicians, but found nothing that gave the relief obtained from "5-DROPS." I shall prescribe it in my practice for rheumatism and kindred diseases."

FREE

If you are suffering with Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble or any kindred disease, write to us for a trial bottle of "5-DROPS," and test it yourself.

"5-DROPS" can be used any length of time without acquiring a "drug habit," as it is entirely free of opium, cocaine, alcohol, laudanum, and other similar ingredients.

Large Size Bottle, "5-DROPS" (200 Doses) $1.00. For Sale by Druggists.

SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE COMPANY,
Dept. 80. 160 Lake Street, Chicago.

C. G. SCHMIDT'S,
HEADQUARTERS FOR
Popular Bakery,
FRESH BREAD,
PIES,
FANCY CAKES,
ICE CREAM,
NUT
CONFECTIONERY
Daily Delivery.
All orders given prompt and skillful attention.

Don't Use a Scarecrow

To Drive Away the Mail Order Wolf

You can drive him out quickly if you use the mail order houses' own weapon—advertising. Mail order concerns are spending thousands of dollars every week in order to get trade from the home merchants. Do you think for a minute they would keep it up if they didn't get the business? Don't take it for granted that every one within a radius of 25 miles knows what you have to sell, and what your prices are. Nine times out of ten your prices are lower, but the customer is influenced by the up-to-date advertising of the mail order house. Every article you advertise should be *described* and *priced*. You must tell your story in an interesting way, and when you want to reach the buyers of this community use the columns of this paper.

A MOST TOUCHING APPEAL

falls short of its desired effect if addressed to a small crowd of interested listeners. Mr. Business Man, are you wasting your ammunition on the small crowd that would trade with you anyway, or do you want to reach those who are not particularly interested in your business? If you do, make your appeal for trade to the largest and most intelligent audience in your community, the readers of this paper. They have countless wants. Your ads will be read by them, and they will become your customers. Try it and

Cameron County Press

ESTABLISHED BY C. B. GOULD.

HENRY H. MULLIN,
Editor and Manager.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

Per year.....$2 00
If paid in advance.....$1 50

ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year or for six or three months are ow and uniform, and will be furnished on application

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2 00; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Local notices ten cents per line for one insertion, five cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, ten cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business Cards, five lines or less, $5.00 per year over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising

No local inserted for less than 75 cts. per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete, and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO Law Printing.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

☞No advertisements will be accepted at less than the price for fifteen words.

☞Religious notices free.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

For Congressman,
CHARLES F. BARCLAY,
of Sinnamahoning, Pa.
For Assembly,
JOSIAH HOWARD,
of Emporium.
For Associate Judge,
JOHN A. WYKOFF,
of Grove.
For Sheriff,
FRANK G. JUDD,
of Emporium.
For County Commissioners,
S. P. KREIDER,
of Driftwood.
J. W. LEWIS,
of Shippen.
For County Auditors,
T. E. FULTON,
of Grove.
GEO. A. WALKER, JR.,
of Emporium.

Badly Sprained Ankle Cured.

Three years ago our daughter sprained her ankle and had been suffering terribly for two days and nights—had not slept a minute. Mr. Stallings, of Butler, Tenn., told us of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. We went to the store that night and got a bottle of it and bathed her ankle two or three times and she went to sleep and had a good night's rest. The next moraing she was much better and in a short time could walk around and had no more trouble with her ankle.—E. M. Brumitt, Tenn. 25 and 50 cent sizes for sale by L. Taggart.

Bees Laxative Cough Syrup recommended by mothers for young and old is prompt relief for coughs, colds, croup, hoarseness, whooping cough. Gently laxative and pleasant to take. Guaranteed. Should be kept in every household. Sold at R. C. Dodson's drug store. 3m

Bucklin's Arnica Salve Wins.

Tom Moore, of Rural Route, 1 Cochran, Ga., writes: "I had a bad sore come on the instep of of my foot and could find nothing that would heal it until I applied Bucklen's Arnica Salve. Less than half of a 25 cent box won the day for me by affecting a perfecting cure." Sold under guarantee at all drug stores.

Just a little Cascasweet is all that is necessary to give your baby when it is cross and peevish. Cascasweet contains no opiates nor harmful drugs and is highly recommended by mothers everywhere. Sold by R. C. Dodson.

Pinoules for the kidneys. 30 day's trial $1.00 Guaranteed. Act directly on the kidneys and bring relief in the first dose, for backache, rheumatic pains, kidney and bladder trouble. Invigorate the entire system. Sold at R. C. Dodson's drug store. 3m

When you need to take something take it promptly for the stomach, but take something you know is reliable—something like Kodol. For Dyspepsia and Indigestion. Kodol is pleasant to take. It is reliable and is guaranteed to give relief. It is sold by R. C. Dodson.

Pinesalve Carbolized acts like a poultice. Quick relief for bites and sting of insects, chapped skin, cuts, burns and sores, tan and sunburn. Sold at R. C. Dodson's drug store. 3m

AFTER 33 YEARS experience millions of users of L. & M. PAINTS, claim;—First, it wears 10 to 15 years—Second, it only costs $1.2o a gallon—Third, its the best they have ever used—Fourth, sixteen thonsand agents certify to these facts. Harry S. Lloyd, Emporium, L. & M. Paint Agent.

Paint Ready for Use.

L. & M. PURE PAINT semi-mixed is sold for $1.65 per gallon. Linseed oil is sold from the barrel for 60 cents a gallon. Buy 4 gallons L. & M. PURE PAINT and mix with it 3 gallons linseed oil, and you then make 7 gallons of paint at a cost of only $1.20 per gallon. Done in 2 minutes. Harry S. Lloyd, Emporium, L. & M. Paint Agent.

Latest Popular Music.

Miss May Gould, teacher of piano forte has received a full line of the lat est and most popular sheet music. All the popular airs. Popular and classical music. Prices reasonable.

44-tf.

Council Proceedings.

Adjourned meeting Borough Council, Emporium, June 8, 1908.

Present: Messrs. Friendel, Goodnough, Rishell, Norris, Cummings and Mumford.

Absent: Messrs. White, Marshall and Hamilton.

Moved by Mr. Norris, seconded by Mr. Goodnough, that T. B. Lloyd, Trustee, be allowed a 2 per cent. commission on moneys paid out of Borough funds during the year 1907 and that an order be drawn in his favor for $216.51. Carried.

On motion by Mr. Mumford, seconded by Mr Rishell, council then adjourn to meet Monday night, June 15th, at 8 o'clock p. m.

R. C. MOORE, Sec'y.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss
LUCAS COUNTY.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886.

A. W. GLEASON,
(SEAL.) Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucuous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.

F J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Pinoules for Backache, little golden globules, easy and pleasant to take. Act directly on the kidneys, purify the blood and invigorate the entire system. Best for backache, lame back, kidneys and bladder. 30 days trial $1.00. Guaranteed. Sold at R. C. Dodson's drug store. 3m

Cameron Fishing Party.

Mrs. Jas. Leonard and Mrs. Lester, of Cameron, started out on a fishing expedition last Monday, bound for Keating Summit. They were very happy thinking of the nice mess of fish they would have to take home to their happy husbands. But, as Mrs. Leonard's hook and line got tangled and she said she never saw such fish, she was unable to pull it out, and called Mrs. Lester to help her pull it out. Both pulled and landed a monster—frog. They both returned to Emporium at once and took dinner with Mrs. Fred Logan, after which they departed for their homes. H.

RHEUMATIC FOLKS.

Are You Sure Your Kidneys Are Well?

Many rheumatic attacks are due to uric acid in the blood. But the duty of the kidneys is to remove all uric acid from the blood. Its presence there shows the kidneys are inactive.

Don't dally with "uric acid solvents." You might go on till doomsday with them, but until you cure the kidneys you will never get well. Doan's Kidney Pills not only remove uric acid, but cure the kidneys and then all danger from uric acid is ended. Here is an Emporium testimony to prove it.

Mrs. John Summerson, living on West Sixth Street, Emporium, Pa., says: "I suffered with nagging backaches and pains in my sides annd across my kidneys for a long time, caused by a disordered condition of my kidneys. I also suffered with rheumatism in my limbs, was languid and lacked ambition. I used many remedies but could obtain no relief. Finally I learned of Doan's Kidney Pills and procured a box from L. Taggart, the druggist. This remedy gave me relief from the backaches and pains, regulated the kidneys and improved my general health. I obtained more relief from this remedy than I had haped for in so short a time. I am glad to recommend Doan's Kidney Pills to other kidney sufferers."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States. Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

Operation for piles will not be necessary if you use Man Zan Pile Remedy. Put up ready to use. Guaranteed. Price 50c. Try it. Sold at R. C. Dodson's drug store. 3m

Kodol is the best known preparation that is offered to the people to-day for dyspepsia or indigestion or any stomach trouble. Kodol digests all foods. It is It is pleasant to take. It is sold here by R. C. Dodson.

One application of Man Zan Pile Remedy for all forms of piles, relieves pain, soothes, reduces inflammation, soreness and itching. Price 50c. Guaranteed to give satisfaction. Sold at R. C. Dodson's drug store. 3m

Wanted.

Pupils desiring to study either vocal or piano music.

GRACE LLOYD.
15-4t. MYRTLE LLOYD.

English Spavin Liniment removed Hard, Soft or Calloused Lumps and Blemishes from horses; also Blood Spavins, Curbs, Splints, Sweeney, Ring Bone, Stifles, Sprains, Swollen Throats, Coughs, etc. Save $50 by use of one bottle. A wonderful Blemish Cure. Sold by L. Taggart, druggist. 32-1yr

$150 for Best Article.

The Republican Congressional Committee offers $150 for the best article not exceeding 1,000 words on the subject:

WHY THE REPUBLICAN PARTY SHOULD BE SUCCESSFUL NEXT NOVEMBER.

The competition is open to all.

In judging the merits of contributions consideration will be given not only to style, arguments and facts presented, but to the convincing power, and it should be borne in mind that Members of Congress are to be elected as well as President and Vice-President

No manuscripts will be returned, but will be the property of the Committee.

The best article will be widely used both in the newspapers of the country and in pamphlet form.

The award will be made and check sent to successful contestant about August 15th. Manuscripts must be mailed not later than July 15th to

Literary Bureau,
Republican Congressional Committee,
Metropolitan Bank Building,
17-t. Washington, D. C.

No Need of Suffering From Rheumatism.

It is a mistake to allow rheumatism to become chronic, as the pain can always be relieved, and in most cases a cure effected by applying Chamberlain's Pain Balm. The relief from pain which it affords is alone worth many times its cost. It makes sleep and rest possible. Even in cases of long standing this liniment should be used on account of the relief which it affords. Do not be discouraged until you have given it a trial. Many sufferers have been surprised and delighted with its pain relieving qualities. 25 and 50 cent sizes for sale by L. Taggart.

Why Some People Fail,

Some people fall down in their daily work because they are physically unable to stand it, and because they do not know that Sexine Pills will build up the whole body, as well as the nerves. $1 a box; six boxes $5, with full guarantee. Address or call R. C. Dodson, Druggist, Emporium, Pa., where they sell all the principal remedies and do not substitute.

MADAME DEAN'S FRENCH FEMALE PILLS.

A SAFE, CERTAIN RELIEF for SUPPRESSED MENSTRUATION. NEVER KNOWN TO FAIL. Safe! Sure! Speedy! Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Refunded. Sent prepaid for $1.00 per box. Will send them on trial, to be paid for when relieved. Samples Free. If your druggist does not have them send your orders to the UNITED MEDICAL CO., BOX 74, LANCASTER, PA.

Sold in Emporium by L. Taggart and R. C. Dodson

A COMPLETE NEWSPAPER.

The only modern DAILY and SUNDAY between New York and Chicago. THE PITTSBURG GAZETTE TIMES —Largest Circulation Daily—Largest Circulation Sunday. DIRECT WIRE SERVICE FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD. Unexcelled in

FINANCIAL
SPORTING
LOCAL
FOREIGN
THEATRICAL
FASHION
MINING
RIVER
AND
RAILROAD NEWS.

Carrying a larger force of writers than any other Pittsburgh Newspaper.

Our plant is always open to visitors for inspection. Come see the workings of an up-to-date newspaper. Presses running from 11:30 A. M., until 5:00 P. M., and from 2:00 A. M., until 5:00 A. M. Color Presses run on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday of each week.

SUBSCRIBE TO-DAY and get the best. See your news dealer or address

Circulation Department
THE GAZETTE TIMES
2t. Pittsburgh, Pa.

For the Farmer.

Call at the Emporium Machine Shop for Bowker's fertilizer and printed matter giving directions how to use same to get best results for grain and vegetables.

8-10t. EMPORIUM MACHINE CO.

DR. HUMPHREYS' SPECIFICS.

Directions with each Vial in Five Languages.
English, German, Spanish, Portuguese and French

No.	FOR	Price
1.	Fevers, Congestions, Inflammations	25
2.	Worms, Worm Fever, or Worm Disease	25
3.	Colic, Crying and Wakefulness of Infants	25
4.	Diarrhea, of Children and Adults	25
5.	Dysentery, Gripings, Bilious Colic	25
7.	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis	25
8.	Toothache, Faceache, Neuralgia	25
9.	Headache, Sick Headache, Vertigo	25
10.	Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weak Stomach	25
13.	Croup, Hoarse Cough, Laryngitis	25
14.	Salt Rheum, Eruptions, Erysipelas	25
15.	Rheumatism, or Rheumatic Pains	25
16.	Fever and Ague, Malaria	25
17.	Piles, Blind or Bleeding, External, Internal	25
18.	Ophthalmia, Weak or Inflamed Eyes	25
19.	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in Head	25
20.	Whooping Cough, Spasmodic Cough	25
21.	Asthma, Oppressed, Difficult Breathing	25
27.	Kidney Disease, Gravel, Calculi	25
28.	Nervous Debility, Vital Weakness	1,00
29.	Sore Mouth, Fever Sores or Canker	25
30.	Urinary Incontinence, Wetting Bed	25
34.	Sore Throat, Quinsy and Diphtheria	25
35.	Chronic Congestions, Headaches	25
77.	Grippe, Hay Fever and Summer Colds	25

A small bottle of Pleasant Pellets, fits the vest pocket. Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of price.

Medical Book sent free.

HUMPHREYS' HOMEO. MEDICINE CO., Corner William and John Streets, New York.

A Grand Family Medicine.

"It gives me pleasure to speak a good word for Electric Bitters," writes, Frank Conlan, of No. 436 Housson St., New York. "It's a grand family medicine for dyspepsia and liver complications, while for lame back and weak kidneys it cannot be too highly recommended." Electric Bitters regulate the digestive functions, purify the blood, and impart renewed vigor and vitality to the weak and debilitated of both sexes. Sold under guarantee at all drug stores. 50c.

Sore Nipples.

Any mother who has had experience with this distressing ailment will be pleased to know that a cure may be effected by applying Chamberlain's Salve as soon as the child is done nursing. Wipe it off with a soft cloth before allowing the babe to nurse. Many trained nurses use this salve with best results. For sale by L. Taggart.

The Best Pills Ever Sold.

"After doctoring 15 years for chronic indigestion, and spending over two hundred dollars, nothing has done me as much good as Dr. King's New Life Pills. I consider them the best pills ever sold," writes B. F. Ayscue, of Ingleside, N. C. Sold under guarantee at all drug stores. 25c.

Stomach Troubles.

Many remarkable cures of stomach troubles have been effected by Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. One man who had spent over two thousand dollars for medicine and treatment was cured by a few boxes of these tablets. Price, 25 cents. Samples free at L. Taggart's drug store.

Itch cured in 30 minutes by Woodford's Sanitary Lotion. Never fails Sold by L. Taggart, druggist. 32-1yr.

Warning.

All persons are hereby forbidden from trespassing upon the property of this Company without a permit from this office, or the Manager at the works.

KEYSTONE POWDER MFG. CO.
Emporium, Pa., August 1st, 1903.
24-tf.

CHAMBERLAIN'S COLIC CHOLERA AND DIARRHŒA REMEDY.

A few doses of this remedy will invariably cure an ordinary attack of diarrhœa.

It can always be depended upon, even in the more severe attacks of cramp colic and cholera morbus.

It is equally successful for summer diarrhœa and cholera infantum in children, and is the means of saving the lives of many children each year.

When reduced with water and sweetened it is pleasant to take.

Every man of a family should keep this remedy in his home. Buy it now.

PRICE, 25c. LARGE SIZE, 50c.

The Cough Syrup that rids the system of a cold by acting as a cathartic on the bowels is

BEES LAXATIVE COUGH SYRUP

Bees is the original laxative cough syrup, contains no opiates, gently moves the bowels, carrying the cold off through the natural channels, Guaranteed to give satisfaction or money refunded.

R C. DODSONS DRUG STORE.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

$2.50 From Emporium Junction

TO

Buffalo and Niagara Falls

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 24, 1908

Tickets good going only on train leaving 6:30 A. M. Good returning on all regular trains leaving Niagara Falls and Buffalo June 24 and 25. Baggage will not be checked on these tickets. Tickets will not be accepted for passage in Pullman Parlor or Sleeping Cars.

Children Between Five and Twelve Years of Age, Half Fare.

J. R. WOOD,
Passenger Traffic Manager.

GEO. W. BOYD,
General Passenger Agent
No. 536-17-9t.

The Bargain Store

Fruits -- Vegetables

Arriving daily and going at the lowest possible prices.

Strawberries, Pine Apples,
Cucumbers, Cabbage,
New Potatoes,
Bermuda Onions.

Remember I am handling Presh and Smoked Meats of all kinds. Bacon, Hams, Boiled Ham, Bologna.

Fine Line Groceries

Free delivery anywhere.
Phone your orders.

T. W. WELSH

Chas. Diehl's Old Stand, West Ward

SECOND TO NONE

ADAM, MELDRUM & ANDERSON CO.

396-408 Main Street,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

GREAT

June Sales

Now in Progress

The greatest sale of the year is now in progress. All the new summer goods are on display at special prices and extraordinary bargains are offered in the seasons latest.

SUITS, COATS, DRESSES, SKIRTS, WAISTS AND SUMMER APPAREL.

Wash Goods White Goods

Our recent purchase of the stock of the Arnold Print Co's Wash Goods enables us to offer the best materials made at wonderfully low prices.

WRITE FOR SAMPLES.

We Refund Your Railroad Fares

In connection with the Chamber of Commerce we refund you railroad fares according to the amount of your purchase.

ADAM, MELDRUM & ANDERSON CO.

American Block, Buffalo, N.Y.

SPRING CLOTHES

Perfect Fitting, Better Tailored and More Stylish Clothing

Than you will find elsewhere for the same price---our stock of TOP COATS, SUITS and CRAVENETTS ready---come see them. We are showing many novelties in garments for Men and Young Men as well as for the youngsters.

Children's Suits $1.50 up to $6.50

Men's Suits $7.50 up to $22.50

Topcoats and Raincoats $10 up to $25

Stetson, Broadway Special and Samobin Hats, Spring Styles

Jasper Harris,

Opposite Post Office, EMPORIUM, PA.
Where the Good Clothes Come From.

Cluett, Monarch, Gold and Silver Dress Shirts $1.00 to $1.50

New Spring Neckwear 25c to 50c.

EMPORIUM

MILLING COMPANY.

PRICE LIST.

Emporium, Pa., June 5, 1908.

Spot Cash, per sack	$1 25
NEMOPHILA, per sack	$1 35
Felt's Fancy, "	1 60
Pet Grove, "	1 60
Graham, "	70
Rye "	80
Roller Meal, "	55
Coarse Meal per 100,	1 70
Chop Feed, "	1 70
Cracked Corn per 100	1 70
Screenings "	1 70
Oil Meal "	1 85
Middlings,	1 70
Bran,	1 65
Chicken Wheat	1 80
Corn per bushel,	95
White Oats, per bushel,	70
Oyster Shells, per 100	75
Seed Oats per bushel	72
Choice Clover Seed,	At Market Prices.
Choice Timothy Seed,	
Choice Millet Seed,	

R. C. DODSON,

—THE—

Druggist,

EMPORIUM, PA.

IS LOCATED IN THE CORNER STORE

At Fourth and Chestnut Sts..

R. C. DODSON.

Telephone, 19-2.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

Contributions invited. That which you would like to see in this department, let us know by postal card or letter, personally.

Barney Benson, of Ridgway, visited in town on Sunday.

Mr. E. G. Coleman visited friends at Tidioute, Pa., on Tuesday.

Miss Anna Blumle spent the first of the week in St. Marys, the guest of B. Severine and family.

M. L. Cummings, of Hyner, Pa., formerly of this place, visited his parents here, on Sunday.

Miss Mary Garvin, of this place, spent Saturday of last week calling on her friends at Driftwood.

John Braddish, one of the popular barbers of Coudersport, was a visitor to this place last Sunday.

Frank J. Kelly, of Austin, was a caller in Emporium last Sunday, and was registered at the New Warner.

Miss Edna Auchu spent the last of the week in Coudersport, guest at the home of Addison Stephens and family.

Claude E. Rentz is enjoying this week visiting relatives and his many friends, in Williamsport, Montgomery and Muncy.

Miss Richardson, of Driftwood, was the guest of Miss Nina Bryan, the last of the week, at her home on North Broad Street.

Chas. Felt, transacted business in Buffalo and Detroit, in the interest of the Emporium Milling Company, the first of the week.

Miss Elizabeth Fisk, of Emporium, spent Sunday with her sister, Mrs. Howard Spangler, of Diamond street. —St. Marys Gazette.

Miss Harriet Steen was called to her home in Warren by the death of her uncle, last Friday. Miss Steen returned to this place on Tuesday.

Mr. H. I. Whitmire's sister, brother-in-law and two daughters, of DuBois, visited here over Sunday, at the former's residence on West Sixth street.

J. H. Stephens and Fred Dininny, of this place, visited in Coudersport on Sunday, at the home of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Addison Stephens.

Mrs. Susan Sterner, has returned to her home in this place from Austin, having been called there by the illness of her son and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Sterner.

Mr. and Mrs. Amos Kresge, of DuBois visited in Emporium on Sunday and Monday, calling on old friends and acquaintances in town and made the PRESS sanctum a call.

Mr. and Mrs. Gust Carlson, of this place, were PRESS office visitors on Saturday and carried home a receipt for one year's PRESS. Mrs. Carlson visited old friends at Titusville last week and had a very enjoyable time. She was accompanied by her daughters Evelyn and Iva and son Gust.

Mrs. Laura Bryan, of this place, who is visiting at Erie, is expected home Monday.

Miss Addie Garrity of St. Marys, was the guest of Miss Nina Bryan Saturday and Sunday.

W. J. Leavitt, accompanied by his wife and children visited Clarion and Pittsburg last week.

Mrs. Henry Auchu, who has been very sick with pneumonia, is again able to be around the house.

D. R. Branson of DuBois, came over on Monday to visit his wife and A. A. McDonald and Miss Christie.

Mrs. Stella Dixon of St. Marys, accompanied by her two children, are guests of Mrs. Geo. P. Jones.

Carrol Mumford, of this place, made a business trip to Port Allegany, last Saturday.

Edward Breene, of the New Warner, was a business caller in Port Allegany last Sunday.

Jas. F. Higgins and wife, of Austin, were guests at the New Warner the grst of the week.

Prof. Fisk had his Juvenile band out on Tuesday evening for a serenade. The boys are doing fine.

Master Earl Steen, of Warren, is the guest at the home of his sister, Miss Harriet Steen.

Henry Streicht, of Ridgway is a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Zwald.

Miss Margaret Follmer, of Trout Run, is the guest of Miss Maud Thomas at her home on Allegany avenue.

Mrs. Josiah Howard and daughter, Miss Dorothy, who are visiting at Shenandoah, Pa., return home on Saturday.

Mrs. Jas. L. Norrie and Jos. Kaye, Jr., arrived at Buffalo last Monday, being met there by Jos. Kaye, Sr., who accompanied them to Emporium.

Messrs. Wm. Wylie of Driftwood and V. A. Brooks of Sinnamahoning, were business calllers in town on Tuesday and made the PRESS a call.

Mrs. J. H. Day and brother Arthur Orton, returned on Monday from Brooklyn, N. Y., where they were call-to attend their brother's funeral.

Mrs. Geo. Taggart and daughter, returned home last week after spending a most delightful time in Detroit and Port Huron, Michigan.

Mrs. R. A. Eick, accompanied by her mother, Mrs. Rushmore, left last Thursday on a visit to relatives at Powell, Bradford county, Pa.

Harry F. Moat, of Driftwood, and Jas. David, of Greensbug, Pa., were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Matley, Allegheny Avenue, over Sunday.

Ralph Schnee, who has been at his home at Montgomery has returned to this place and will resume his work as bookkeeper in Howard & Co's store.

The friends of Mrs. Chas. Auchu will be sorry to learn of her poor health. We learn she is about to undergo a second operation.

Mrs. Jennie Webster, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Austin Jones, went to Port Allegany on Tuesday—Dr. McGrainor to perform an operation of a serious nature for Mrs. Webster.

W. R. Sizer, who is making a great success as general agent for German Commercial Accident Company of Philadelphia, was a social caller at the PRESS office on Monday. Many of our citizens are carrying a policy in the above company.

Jay Paul Felt, returned to his home last Friday afternoon from Philadelphia, accompanied by his wife and son, Paul Earl Felt.

Geo. Neidlinger and wife of Ridgway are visitors in Emporium, having been called here by the serious illness of Mrs. Neidlinger's father, Mr. Weisenfluh.

Miss Edna Disharron, of Philadelphia, spent the last of the week in town, the guest of her sister, Miss Margaret, who has just completed her season as milliner for Mr. R. Kuehne. Before the ladies return to their home they will take in the sights at Buffalo and Niagara Falls.

Mrs. W. Smith, and son Foster, of Buffalo, who have been visiting Augustus Nelson and family on Fifth street for several weeks returned to their Buffalo home Tuesday afternoon, after an enjoyable vacation. Accompanied by Miss Dora Nelson, her niece, they visited Austin and Coudersport last week and visited the wonder ice cave, at Sweden Valley.

Misses Mame and Anna Cleary left on Monday for Valparaiso, Indiana, where they will attend school. Miss Agnes accompanied them as far as Pittsburg, and from there she went to New Martinsville, W. Va., to visit her sister, Mrs. Fred Yonkers.

Our pleasant and good friend John W. Metzger presented ye editor with a good ten cent cigar last evening and informed us that a brand new bouncing girl came to his home, corner of Second and Maple street, yesterday morning. John says this is the last cigar under similar circumstances.

Bachelor Girls.

The Bachelor Girls were royally entertained by Miss Nina Bryan, at her home on North Broad street, last Wednesday evening.

Embarked in Hotel.

Geo. Hurteau and family have moved to Pittston, Pa., where Hurteau & Hayes have leased the Port Blanchard Hotel. Both have had years of experience in the business.

Emmanuel Church Notice.

Trinity Sunday, June 14th:—Celebration of the Holy Communion at the mid-day service.

House for Sale.

Six room house situated on West Fifth street, supplied with gas and city water and bath, toilet and labratory. Inquire of H. Day at the tannery office. 17-tf.

Ice Cream Sale Friday Evening.

The boys of Company M will hold an ice cream sale on Friday evening, this week, on the lawn between Emmanuel parish house and the rectory, for the benefit of the Company's expense fund.

Quarterly Meeting Services.

Rev. A. J. Hill, of Bradford, Pa., district elder of the Bradford district of the Free Methodist Church will preach in the Truman school house on West Creek, Thursday and Friday evenings of this week, and will conduct the usual quarterly services the coming Saturday evening and Sabbath day in the Free Methodist Church on East Fifth street. Sabbath services as follows: Love feast 10 a. m.; preaching of the word, 11 a. m.; followed by communion services; evening service at 7:30. The pastor extends a cordial invitation to all to attend these services. Come.

Eye Specialist.

Prof. W. H. Budine, the well known Eye Specialist, of Binghamton, N. Y., will be at R. H. Hirsch's jewelry store, Emporium, Pa., June 13th If you can't see well or have headache don't fail to call and see Prof. Budine, as he guarantees to cure all such cases. Lenses ground and fitted in old frames. Eyes tested and examined free. All work guaranteed.

Sick Headache and Biliousness relieved at once with Rings Little Liver Pills. A rosy complexion and clear eyes result from their use. Do not gripe or sicken. Good for all the family. Sold at R. C. Dodson's drug store. 3m

Camping Party.

Misses Louise Welsh, Ethel Lloyd and Mabel Morrison are enjoying the pleasures of camping out this week, on West Creek, near Gillis Bliss'. Of course they are enjoying the novelty.

Cream for Sale.

I have a quantity of strictly pure, separator cream for sale.

JOHN RUTZ.

Three Queer Things.

The curious things which occur in the world on a given day would no doubt if collected excite the wonder of the most incredulous. Yet in a single newspaper there was recently found an account of a woman who was guilty of so infamous a proceeding as going to sleep at a shop while the assistant was in the act of showing her some dress stuffs, accompanying the exhibition with the usual eloquence of these individuals.

The second related the acuteness of two tramps who conceived the idea of going to a fancy dress ball in their ordinary attire. As may be imagined, they devoted the best part of their time to a serious inroad on the resources of the supper room, much to the amusement of the whole party, who naturally thought they were guests who had been invited to the entertainment and who, having made themselves up with exceptional skill for their assumed parts, were carrying out the idea of the characters they represented for the purpose of the jest.

The third story was that of an absentminded young woman who was playing with a pair of scissors and proceeded to trim off her eyebrows quite unconscious of what she was doing.—Pearson's Weekly.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous little liver pills, are sold by R. C. Dodson.

PILES RUDY'S PILE Suppository A cure guaranteed if you use

D. Matt. Thompson, Sup't Graded Schools, Statesville, N. C., writes: "I can say they do all you claim for them." Dr. S. M. Devore Raven Rock, W. Va., writes: "They give universal satisfaction." Dr. H. D. McGill, Clarksburg, Tenn., writes: "In a practice of 23 years, I have found no remedy to equal yours." PRICE, 50 CENTS. Samples Free. Sold by Druggists. MARTIN RUDY, LANCASTER, PA.

Sold in Emporium by L. Taggart & R. C. Dodson

CALL FOR FREE SAMPLE

Lion—Ritchie.

The marriage of J. Charles Lion and Miss Anna Catharine Ritchie, occurred Monday morning at the Sacred Heart church, during nuptial high mass celebrated at 7 o'clock. The ceremony was performed by Rev. P. Cornelius Enders, O. S. B., pastor.

The bridal party proceeded up the isle of the church to the strains of Lohengrine wedding march played by the organist, Miss Hannah McBride. The bride, who is a decidedly pretty young lady, looked charming in her suit of champagne mirage silk and wore a lace coat. Her hat matched the gown. The bridesmaid, Miss Mayme Cummings of Emporium, was dressed in a tan colored crepe dress and wore a hat in keeping with the gown. Anthony Straub was best man.

Following the ceremony the wedding breakfast was held at the home of the bride's brother, Fred Ritchie, of Centre street, where she had made her home. The guests were limited to the immediate members of both families. The decorations at the house were in yellow and white. Table decorations were sweet peas, carnations, smilax and maiden hair fern.

At the train the young couple were showered with rice by a crowd of young people, who came to tender their congratulations. They left on P. R. R. train, No. 42 East for Philadelphia, Atlantic City and New York and are expected to return the first of next week, when they will go to housekeeping in the Mercum house on Washington street.

The bride is a charming young lady, much admired by her friends and was one of ths popular young ladies in the sales deparment of Hall & Kaul Co's store. She is the second youngest daughter of Theodore Ritchie, who also makes his home with his son, Fred. The groom is an electrical contractor and one of the town's popular and industrious young men. He is the oldest son of Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Lion.

Together with their many friends we extend our congratulations to Mr. and Mrs. Lion.—St. Marys Gazette.

Wanted.

A good girl for general housework. Good wages to the right party. Box 13, Emporium, Pa. 12-tf.

Divorce Notice.

Carl W. Spence, vs Cora Greenwalt Spence, } In the Court of Common Pleas of Cameron County. No. 20, January Term 1908.

IN DIVORCE.

To Cora Greenwalt Spence: Whereas Carl W. Spence, your husband, has filed a libel in the Court of Common Pleas, of Cameron county, of January term, 1908, No. 20, praying a divorce from you. Now you are hereby notified and required to appear in said court on or before Monday the 13th day of July next to answer the said complaint of the said Carl W. Spence and in default of such appearance you will be liable to have a divorce granted in your absence.

JOHN D. SWOPE, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Emporium, Pa., June 11th, 1908. 17-4t

Notice of Dissolution of Partnership.

THE undersigned hereby give notice that the partnership heretofore existing between Wm. F. Lloyd and G. Frank Balcom, trading as Balcom & Lloyd, in Emporium, Pa., has this day been dissolved. The business will be continued at the old stand by G. Frank Balcom, who will pay the debts of said co-partnership, and collect all the claims due said late firm.

W. F. LLOYD, G. F. BALCOM.

Emporium, Pa., May 21st, 1908.

Special Sale

A fine line of Groceries Crackers, Cookies and Notions.

Also a fine line of Men's, Ladies and Children's Hose, black and bown.

Special, This Week Only.

Seven bars Acme Soap 25c
1 carton of Matches for 25c
3lbs of Rice for 25c.
Large bottle Bluing 8c.

Home-Made Bread Cookies and Doughnuts

Mrs. M. F. Conway, BROAD STREET.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

Bulletin.

JUNE ON THE GREAT LAKES

Restful, delightful, interesting, and instructive, there is no trip like that on the Great Lakes, those inland seas which form the border line between the United States and Canada. And June is one of the most charming months in the year in which to take the trip.

For comfort the fine passenger steamships of the Anchor Line have no superiors. As well appointed as the palatial ocean greyhounds which plow the Atlantic, their schedule allows sufficient time at all stopping places to unable the traveler to see something of the great lake cities and to view in daylight the most distinctive sights of the lakes, and the scenery which frames them.

The trip through the Detroit River, and through Lake St. Clair, with its great ship canal in the middle of the lake, thence through Lake Huron, the locking of the steamer through the great locks at the Soo, and the passage of the Portage Entry, lake and canal, across the upper end of Michigan are novel and interesting features.

The voyage from Buffalo to Duluth covers over eleven hundred miles in the five days' journey. Leaving Buffalo, the steamships Juniata and Tionesta, make stops at Erie, Cleveland, Detroit, Machinac Island, the Soo, Marquette, Houghton and Hancock and Duluth.

The 1908 season opens on June 16, when the Steamer Tionesta will make her first sailing from Buffalo.

The Anchor Line is the Great Lake Annex of the Pennsylvania Railroad, and the service measures up to the high standard set by the "Standard Railroad of America."

An illustrated folder, giving sailing dates of steamers, rates of fare, and other information is in course of preparation, and may be obtained when ready from any Pennsy-vania Railroad Ticket Agent, who is also prepared to book pasengers who may desire to take this trip through the Great Lakes and back. No. 476-17-2t.

WHITE LILLY FLOUR Always Satisfactory

SPRING BROOK CREAMERY BUTTER

DAY'S The Satisfactory Store

FINEST PURE OLIVE OIL

Hot Weather Groceries MANY THINGS READY TO SERVE

Don't worry yourself over the hot stove, buy the ready to eat things. Let us serve you.

Special Items for Friday and Saturday, this Week

25 lbs Granulated Sugar $1.55.
VeryChoiceMessina Lemons 20c doz
Princess Paper Shell Almonds 25clb
15c Canned Corn, 2 cans for 25c.
7 cakes Acme or Oak Leaf Soap for 25c.
12c canned Peas, Early June the can 10c.
Large 10c bottle Laundry Blueing, 8c.
Oolong or Ceylon Tea, 50c grade a lb 40c.
50c package Searchlight Matches 45c.
Dunham's Shredded Cocoanut a lb 35c.
Canned Pine Apple chunks, 2 cans for 25c.
Can you afford to miss these bargain prices.

Fresh Caught Lake Fish LEAVE ORDERS FOR DELIVERY FRIDAY MORNING

Choicest Fresh Fruits and Vegetables and Early Garden Truck at Reasonable Prices.

Notable Kitchen Specialties.

The pride of every successful housekeeper is to have a kitchen well stocked with convenient utensils and cooking outfits. Why be without them when they cost so little. Call and let us show them to you.

Prompt delivery to all parts of town

You Get Better Values Here.

J. H. DAY,

Phone 6. Emporium.

OUR NEW LINE OF

Wall Paper for 1908.

Consists of the best things from three factories. Also the Robert Graves Co.'s line of Decoration Paper of all kinds.

The Graves line took first prize in competition at St. Louis against the world.

H. S. LLOYD.

A Definition of 'Definitive'

This word when linked to an article, which merits its use, says: "Madam, beyond this there is nothing to attain."

Such a word and such a word only can properly be used to describe

Eaton's Hot-Pressed Vellum

Money cannot buy a better writing paper, for experience cannot produce one.

SERIAL STORY

LANGFORD of the THREE BARS

By KATE AND VIRGIL D. BOYLES

(Copyright by A. C. McClurg & Co., 1907.)

SYNOPSIS.

Cattle thieves despoiling ranches of South Dakota. George Williston, small ranchman, runs into rendezvous of thieves on island in Missouri river. They have stolen cattle from Three Bar ranch. Langford visits Williston and his daughter and Williston reports what he has seen to Langford, who determines to rid country of thieves. Jesse Black heads outlaws. Langford falls in love with Williston's daughter, but does not tell her so. Louise Dale, court stenographer, and niece of Judge Dale, visits Kemah at request of county attorney, Gordon, to take testimony in preliminary hearing. Gordon falls in love with her. After preliminary examination Williston's home is attacked and defended by his daughter and himself. Outlaws fire building just as Langford and his cowboys arrive. Outlaws carry off Williston but Langford rescues the daughter. Without Williston evidence against Black is meager, and case seems to be going against the state. Gordon takes a night ride and finds Williston, who has escaped from captors. The courthouse at Kemah burns at night. Williston holds a tea party in his room following court house fire, and Mary Williston and Louise Dale attend.

CHAPTER XVIII.—Continued.

cur. A strange elation took possession of him. She was here. He thought of last night and seemed to walk on air. If he won out maybe—but, fool that he was! what was there in this rough land for a girl like—Louise?

"Oh, no, that will be too much trouble," gasped Louise, in some alarm and thinking of Aunt Helen.

"Thanks, old man, we'll stay," spoke up Langford, cheerfully. "He makes excellent tea—really. I've tried it before. You will never regret staying."

Silently he watched his friend in the inner room bring out a battered teakettle, fill it with a steady hand and put it on the stove in the office, coming and going carelessly, seemingly conscious of nothing in the world but the comfort of his unexpected guests.

True to her sex, Louise was curiously interested in the house-keeping arrangements of a genuine bachelor establishment. Woman-like, she saw many things in the short time she was there—but nothing that diminished her respect for Richard Gordon. The bed in the inner chamber where both men slept was disarranged but clean. Wearing apparel was strewn over the chairs and tables. There was a litter of magazines on the floor. She laid them up against Langford; she did not think Gordon had the time or inclination to cultivate the magazine habit. She did not know to whose weakness to ascribe the tobacco pouch and brier-wood pipe placed invitingly by the side of a pair of gay, elaborately bead-embroidered moccasins, cozily stowed away under the head of the bed; but she was rather inclined to lay these, too, to Langford's charge. The howling tempest outside only served to enhance the coziness of the crumbling fire and the closely drawn blinds.

But tea was never served in those bachelor rooms that night—neither that night nor ever again. It was a little dream that went up in flame with the walls that harbored it. Who first became conscious that the tang of smoke was gradually filling their nostrils, it was hard to tell. They were not far behind each other in that consciousness. It was Langford who discovered that the trouble was at the rear, where the wind would soon have the whole building fanned into flames. Gordon unlocked the door quietly. He said nothing. But Paul, springing in front of him, himself threw it open. It was no new dodge, this burning a man out to shoot him as one would drown out a gopher for the killing. He need not have been afraid. The alarm had spread. The street in front was rapidly filling. One would hardly have dared to shoot—then—if one had meant to. And he did not know. He only knew that deviltry had been in the air for Gordon that night. He had suspected more than he had overheard, but it had been in the air.

Gordon saw the action and understood it. He never forgot it. He said nothing, but gave his friend an illuminating smile that Langford understood. Neither ever spoke of it, neither ever forgot it. How tightly can quick impulses bind—forever.

Outside, they encountered the judge in search of his delinquent charges.

"I'm sorry, Dick," he said. "Dead loss my boy. This beastly wind is your undoing."

"I'm not worrying, Judge," responded Gordon, grimly. "I intend for some one else to do that."

"Hellity damn, Dick, hellity damn!" exploded Jim Munson in his ear. The words came whistling through his lips, caught and whirled backward by the fury of the storm. The cold was getting bitter, and a fine, cutting snow was at last driving before the wind.

Gordon, with a set face, plunged back into the room—already fire-licked. Langford and Munson followed. There sat the little tea-service staring at them with dumb pathos. The three succeeded in rolling the safe with all its precious documents arranged within, out into the street. Nothing else mattered much—to Gordon. But other things were saved, and Jim gallantly tossed out everything he could lay his hands on before Gordon ordered everybody out for good and all. It was no longer safe to be within. Gordon was the last one out. He carried a battered little teakettle in his hand. He looked at it in a whimsical surprise as if he had not known until then that he had it in his hand. Obeying a sudden impulse, he held it out to Louise.

"Please take care of—my poor little dream," he whispered with a strange, intent look.

Before she could comprehend the significance or give answer, the judge had faced about. He bore the girls

Gordon Unlocked the Door Quietly.

back to the hotel, scolding helplessly all the way as they scudded with the wind. But Louise held the little tin kettle firmly.

Men knew of Richard Gordon that night that he was a marked man. The secret workings of a secret clan had him on their proscription list. Some one had at last found this unwearied and doggedly persistent young fellow in the way. In the way, he was a menace, a danger. He must be removed from out the way. He could not be bought from it—he should be warned from it. So now his home—his work room and his rest room, the first by many hours daily the more in use, with all its furnishings of bachelor plainness and utility, that yet had held a curious charm for some men, friends and cronies like Langford—was burning that he might be warned. Could any one say, "Jesse Black has done this thing?" Would he not bring down proof of guilt by a retaliation struck too soon? It would seem as if he were anticipating an unfavorable verdict. So men reasoned. And even then they did not arise to stamp out the evil that had endured and hugged itself and spit out corruption in the cattle country. That was reserved for—another.

They talked of a match thrown down at the court-house by a tramp, likely—when it was past midnight, when the fire broke out with the wind a piercing gale, and when no vagrant but had long since left such cold comfort and had slept these many weeks in sunnier climes. Some argued that the windows of the court-room might have been left open and the stove blown down by the wind tearing through, or the stove door might have blown open and remains of the fire been blown out, or the pipe might have fallen down. But it was a little odd that the same people said Dick Gordon's office likely caught fire from flying sparks. Dick's office was two blocks to westward of the court-house and it would have been a brave spark and a lively one that could have made headway against that northwester.

CHAPTER XIX.

The Escape.

The little county seat awoke in the morning to a strange sight. The storm had not abated. The wind was still blowing at blizzard rate off the northwest hills, and fine, icy snow was swirling so thickly through the cold air that vision was obstructed. Building were distinguishable only as shadows showing faintly through a heavy white veil. The thermometer had gone many degrees below the zero mark. It was steadily growing colder. The older inhabitants said it would surely break the record the coming night.

An immense fire had been built in the sitting-room. Thither Mary and Louise repaired. Here they were joined by Dale, Langford and Gordon.

"You should be out at the ranch looking after your poor cattle, Mr. Langford," said Mary, smilingly. She could be light-hearted now—since a little secret had been whispered to her last night at a tea party where no tea had been drunk. Langford had gravitated toward her as naturally as steel to a magnet. He shrugged his big shoulders and laughed a little.

"The Scribe will do everything that can be done. Honest, now, did you think this trial could be pulled off without me?"

"But there can be no trial to-day."

"Why not?"

"Did I dream the court-house burned last night?"

"If you did, we are all dreamers alike."

"Then how can you hold court?"

"We have gone back to the time when church and state were one and inseparable, and court convenes at 10 o'clock sharp in the meeting-house," he said.

Louise was looking white and miserable.

"You are not contemplating running away, are you?" asked Gordon. "This is unusual weather—really."

She looked at him with a pitiful smile.

"I should like to be strong and brave and enduring and capable—like Mary. You don't believe it, do you? It's true, though. But I can't. I'm weak and homesick and cold. I ought not to have come. I am not the kind. You said it, you know. I am going home just as soon as this court is over. I mean it."

There was no mistaking that. Gordon bowed his head. His face was white. It had come sooner than he had thought.

All the records of the work yesterday had been burned. There was nothing to do but begin at the beginning again. It was discouraging, uninteresting. But it had to be done. Dale refused positively to adjourn. The jurymen were all here. So the little frame church was bargained for. If the fire-bugs had thought to postpone events—to gain time—by last night's work, they would find themselves very greatly mistaken. The church was long and narrow like a country schoolhouse, and rather roomy considering the size of the town. It had precise windows—also like a country schoolhouse—four on the west side, through which the fine snow was drifting, four opposite. The storm kept few at home with the exception of the people from across the river. There were enough staying in the town to fill the room to its utmost limits. Standing room was at a premium. The entry was crowded. Men not able to get in ploughed back through the cutting wind and snow only to return presently to see if the situation had changed any during their brief absence. So all the work of yesterday was gone over again.

So close was the pack of people that the fire roaring in the big stove in the middle of the room was allowed to sink in smouldering quiet. The heavy air had been unbearable else. The snow that had been brought in on tramping feet lay in little melted pools on the rough flooring. Men forgot to eat peanuts and women forgot to chew their gum—except one or two extremely nervous ones whose jaws moved the faster under the stimulus of hysteria. Jesse Black was telling his story.

"Along toward the 1st of last July, I took a hike out into the Indian country to buy a few head o' cattle. I trade considerable with the half-breeds around Crow creek and Lower Brule. They're always for sellin' and if it comes to a show-down never haggle much about the lucre—it all goes for snake-juice anyway. Well, I landed at John Yellow Wolf's shanty along about noon and found there was others ahead of me. Yellow Wolf always was a popular cuss. There was Charlie Nightbird, Pete Monroe, Jesse Big Cloud and two or three others whose mugs I did not happen to be onto. After our feed, we all strolled out to the corral. Yellow Wolf said he had bought a likely little bunch from some English feller who was skipping the country—starved out and homesick—and hadn't put 'em on the range yet. He said J R was the English feller's brand. I didn't suspicion no underhand dealin's. Yellow Wolf's always treated me white before, so I bargained for this here chap and three or four others and then pulled out for home driving the bunch. They fed at home for a spell and then I decided to put 'em on the range. On the way I fell in with Billy Brown here. He was dead set on havin' the lot to fill in the chinks of the two car loads he was shippin', so I up and lets him have 'em. I showed him this here bill-o'-sale from Yellow Wolf and made him out one from me, and that was all there was to it. He rode to Velpen and I turned on my trail."

(To Be Continued.)

GIRL LAWYER FREES HERSELF,

Charged With Vagrancy, Wellesley Graduate Secures Quick Release.

St. Louis.—Evelyn Dorothy Clark, graduate of Wellesley, who later studied law at Vassar and whom the police charged with vagrancy, so skillfully defended herself in court here that she won her discharge. It was charged she failed to pay her bill at the Planters' hotel.

"What were you doing in St. Louis?" asked Assistant City Attorney King.

"I refuse to answer on the ground that my answer might incriminate me," she replied.

"Objection sustained," pronounced the court.

"Who is 'Ned,' the Harvard student who wrote that acquaintance with you was so expensive that he had to get a job as telephone operator to recuperate his finances?" asked King.

"I decline to answer on the ground that the question is incompetent, irrelevant and immaterial."

"Objection sustained," ruled the court.

"Have you studied law?"

"Have you?" she parried.

"The prisoner is discharged," interrupted Judge Tracy, who had listened to the legal duel with impatience.

Cornered at Last!

Scientists have been grubbing patiently, almost feverishly, for years in the hope of tracing the etiology or source of the growing scourge of cancer, and although no convincing data have yet been brought forward, it is a general suspicion that the rapid prevalence is due to overindulgence in meats.—Detroit News.

A lawsuit had been tried on the veranda of the crossroads store, and when it had been settled Limuel Jucklin, who had watched the proceedings, took the home-made chair, vacated by the justice, leaned back against the wall and remkaed: "Rather bad, this thing of goin' to law. And ain't it a peculiar state of society that educates men to stimulate quarrels? We may say that they ain't trained for that purpose, but unless there are misunderstandin's the lawyer's work is cut off, and he's got a little too much of Old Adam in him not to look out for his own interest."

"You take a wrong view of the matter," replied a young lawyer.

"That is just about what I expected you to say. But grantin' to the lawyer all he can claim for himself, it must after all be allowed that the bickerin's and shortsightedness of the human family give him the most of his excuse for livin'. A perfect state of civilization would argue perfect honesty, and if such were the case the lawyers would be powerful scarce. There is no denyin' of the fact that some of the greatest men have been lawyers and that the most of our presidents have practiced law. And so have some of the immortal geniuses been soldiers, but if man had been just and peaceable there never would have been any need for the soldier."

"According to your view, then," said the lawyer, "there is no real need for anybody that—"

"That doesn't build up," Limuel broke in, winking at his former friends. "Every man ought to produce somethin'. If he don't he's livin' on somebody that does. The only real occupation is the one that makes the world better. Understand, now, I have nothin' against anybody's callin'. I'm just expressin' my opinion and it must be taken for what it is worth. But the lawyer shows us one thing if nothin' more—how keen a man's mind may be whetted. I recollect once that a fellow sued me. We had swapped horses—"

"And you had got the better of him, eh?" said the lawyer.

"Well, that's the way it looked to him. The horse I let him have died that night. He asked me if the horse was sound and I said I never had heard any complaint, and I hadn't. He had never been under the care of a doctor so far as I knew. His appetite was good and he'd bat his eye when you motioned at him. I might have seen him fall down—have seen men fall, but I didn't think that they were goin' to die. I told him a child could drive him. A child did drive him out of the garden that day. Well, we swapped, and, as I say, his horse was taken sick in the night and died before day. He came back to me and swore that I had swopped him a horse that I know'd was goin' to die. I told him that if he'd show me a horse that wa'n't goin' to die I'd give him my farm. I felt that he had the worst of it and I would have evened it up the best way I could, but before I got through havin' fun with him he got mad and went away and hired a lawyer to prove that I was a liar and altogether the worst man in the community.

"I never got such a scorin' in my life. I felt sorry for my wife and children. I didn't think that anybody would ever speak to me again, and I told the lawyer that I would make it a personal matter between me and him. I expected the justice to decide dead against me, but he didn't. He had been a horse trader himself.

"Well, after the thing was over with I took the horse I got from the feller and went over to his house about ten miles away and turned the nag loose in his lot. I did it not because I was sorry for him, but because I was afraid of myself—afraid that I couldn't sleep, and I was workin' hard and needed rest. Well, sir, that night the nag that I'd turned into the lot ups and dies, and the feller swore that I had hauled him there after he was dead, and hanged if he didn't sue me again. He got the same lawyer and he made me out a worse man than I was before. Made it appear that I had poisoned the horse and dragged him over there. Then I swore that the whole county couldn't hold me back from takin' it out of his hide.

"So the first chance I got I went to town to see the lawyer. I went over to the courthouse and he was makin' a speech, and I wish I may die dead if the feller he was a skinnin' this time wan't the very man that had sued me. I never hearn anything like it. Tiptoed and called him all sorts of a scoundrel; said that he had defrauded me, as honest a man as lived in the state. I couldn't stand that, I walked on out and after a while he came along and held out his hand and called me 'Uncle Lim,' just as if I was his mother's brother. Then he clapped me on the shoulder and you could have heard him laugh more than a mile. He said he was a comin' out to go a fishin' with me.

"Well, I let him off, and after we had got to be right good friends, I asked him how he happened to be engaged against my enemy, and this is what he said: 'Oh, I wasn't. Some of the boys told me you were comin' into the house and I knew that you were troublesome when you set your head to it, so as court wasn't in session I started in to makin' a speech against the fellow so you could hear me,' and he clapped me on the shoulder and you could have hearn him laugh more than two miles this time.

"Get a lawyer with fun in him and he's all right. Once I had some business on hand—the settlement of my brother's estate—and I went to old Tom Cantwell and asked him how much he would charge me, and he almosttook my breath with the amount he named. I knew he was a man of a good deal of ability—liked fun, and I says to him like this: 'Tell you what arrangement to make, colonel. I've got a mighty fine chicken out at my house and if you can fetch out one to whip him I'll engage you and pay your price, but if my chicken whips yourn, why you do the work for nothin'.' He was a man of ability and he agreed. Ah, me, there ain't such lawyers about here these days. I recollect once he—"

"But did the fight come off?" someone inquired.

"Oh, that fight? Yes, held tallow candles for it one night, and you'd have thought it was a snowin', the air was so full of feathers. My wife kept on a callin' out: 'Limuel, what are you a doin' there in the smokehouse,' and I always answered: 'I'm diggin' up a rat. Go on to bed. I've most got him now.'

"I don't know how long they fit—other roosters were crowin' all around the neighborhood when they got through. But my chicken crowed last, and the colonel gave me his hand with feathers a stickin' to it, and says, says he: 'Lim, you've got me and I'll take care of your business.'

"Best settlement I ever made. He took care of the business right up to the handle, and when he had got through he 'lowed, he did, that he could find a bird that could whip mine for the estate—said he'd put up his law books and his house and lot against it, but it looked too much like gamblin', so I backed down. Oh, he would have done it. Ablest lawyer in the county. It's a pity all lawsuits couldn't be settled somewhat in that way—as fairly, I mean.

"I was just a thinkin'," he added after a few moments of silence, "how much trouble the old world has been put to tryin' to govern man. Every year or so the legislatures meet and make laws and unmake them, always experimentin' with man. The trouble with him is he don't know what he wants and don't know what to do with it after he gets it. And the lawyer is the outgrowth of his restlessness and his ignorance."

"Think there will ever come a time when there are no lawyers?" the young advocate inquired, and the old man scratched his head.

"Oh, yes, that time will come, but it will be the time when there isn't anything. The lawyer has come to stay as long as the rest of us do. He's a smart man and a good feller for the most part, and is nearly always willin' to forgive you when he has done you a wrong, and I want to remark right here that this argues the extremest o liberality."

(Copyright, by Opie Read.)

I ONCE knew a millionaire who always carried his money around with him in bills. There were some one dollar bills, more ten-dollar bills, and many hundred and thousand dollar bills. He always carried them in a suit case with an ordinary lock and key, and he told me that he was happy just because he had the actual money.

His brother hardly ever handled money at all. He was a millionaire, too, but he did all his business with checks, and seldom had more than $20 on his person, and he was miserable and dyspeptic.

Now, of course, there are persons of imagination who go through life using checks and feeling rich, but it takes a good deal of imagination to do so, and for me the pretty green ten-dollar bill means ten times as much as the check for ten dollars.

Of course, checks have their uses, and I use them myself. When a bill for some prosaic thing, like repairs to the coal chute, comes in, I send out a check in payment, but if I am buying a book that I have long coveted, you may be sure that I hand out real money for it. The book represents something tangible, and I will not insult the book dealer by sending him a cold, unfeeling check.

If I wanted to bring happiness to a widow, whose husband had died leaving her destitute, do you think that I would send her a check for a thousand dollars? If you do, you don't know me.

If I were going to do the thing at all I would go to her house with one thousand crisp dollar bills, and I would receive her thanks for each one. But it is a queer thing about gratitude. Her thanks for the first bill would be heartfelt, but by the time I had reached the first hundred she would have grown tired of thanking me, and I verily believe that before I had handed in the last bill she would have asked me if I couldn't be a little more expedient. Thus usage dulls the senses.

On the other hand, do you suppose that if I were sued for a thousand dollars I would pay the complainant in good green money? No, a thousand times, no. I would purposely buy the smallest blank check that I could find, and in my most minute chirography, and with an autograph that was barely good, I would sign it, and thus I would feel that I was getting off cheap.

In some things most of us are intensely mean, and among the expenditures that offend men's souls are those paid into a railroad company's grasping maw. I hold myself no better than the rest, and, if possible, I always travel in company with another, and before we start out I give him money to cover the expenses, and he buys the tickets and I feel that I have not spent so much.

One objection I have to royalties is that they always come in the form of a check—when they come at all. One time, though, my publisher varied it; instead of sending a check he sent a bill. You see, I had given at least ten copies of the book at Christmas time, and, of course, the balance was in his favor. Do you know, I really enjoyed the thing for a change.

By the way, that receiving of royalties, even if they are paid in check form, is a good game. You sell your stories for so much, and then, when they are all printed, you are induced to make a book of them. Well, you have already been paid for them, so that you stand to gain, whatever happens. It may be only ten dollars that will come to you, but it may be $10,000, and the joy of looking forward to royalty day is one that cannot be expressed in words. You do not hear much about the sale of your book; your friends say nothing about it, but perhaps they are keeping its phenomenal success a secret from you. You live in the country, and you never see the Bookman, so you do not know what the six best sellers are, but you have your suspicions. At last the fateful day arrives, the familiar envelop of your publisher comes to you mail, and as you open it a check flutters out. You remember the stories of du Maurier and "Trilby," and how his publishers sent him several thousands over and above the contract agreement.

To be sure, it is only a check, and not money, but, after all, any bank will convert a check into money if you are known, and your book has doubtless made you known through the wide world.

You pick up the check and close your eyes until you are holding it right in front of them. "The Second National bank of New York. Pay to the order of yourself $47.50. Harp, Scrib. & Co."

It isn't quite what you thought it would be. The book is not one of the six—yet. Still, after the first disappointment is over, you reflect that it is all clear gain, and you go to the bank and have it converted into new dollar bills, and then you go down town to the bookstore and you buy thirty odd books that you have wanted for years.

No, you don't. You know very well you don't, for the same mail that brought the check brought its antithesis in the form of a bill from the gentleman who raised the price of beef on you, and the other gentleman who charged you eight dollars a ton for coal, and like a good little man you sit down and you write out two checks which take up 42 of the dollars.

But take my advice and get the better of fortune by taking the five-fifty that is left—and your wife—and going into town for a small jamboree. Remember that a jamboree, small though it be, remains in the memory long after the memory of a paid bill has left you.

Pay the bills, but save enough out of the cost of your clothes for a little jamboree. Clothes warm the body, but jamborees warm the cockles of the heart, and a man who neglects the cockles of the heart to put Jaeger underwear on his lusty limbs has failed in his duty toward himself—and his better half.

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POULTRY AND BEES

HIVE-STANDS.

One Seven Feet Long Will Give Room for Four Hives.

I have my hives set on stands seven feet long, each stand accommodating four hives, writes a correspondent of Bee Culture. The following is a diagram of one of these stands.

The hives are set in two pairs with

A Good Hive Stand.

a space between each of the pairs the width of a hive. This is convenient when making the spring interchange of brood-chambers above mentioned. The 2x4-inch sills on which the hives rest are 1½ and 2 inches from the ground, the rear sill being the highest. The roofs of the stands are made of light ½-inch boards, and are high enough above the hives to allow of necessary tiering up and easy handling of supers.

VIGOROUS FOWLS.

Watch the Flock and Pick Best for Future Breeders.

Any person that has much to do with fowls is forced to notice the greater vigor of some when compared to others. In a flock of 50 fowls perhaps ten will show exceptional vigor. These should be kept for breeding, and the fowls with weaker constitutions should be disposed of, says Farmers' Review. This vigor means a greater power to produce flesh if flesh is wanted or to produce eggs if eggs are wanted.

The vigorous fowls are the ones that resist disease the most effectively. The disease killing factors in their blood are more powerful than in the less vigorous fowls. Therefore with such fowls, the losses from disease are sure to be less than if other fowls are kept. The less vigorous birds are the ones that first fall victims to any poultry disease that comes along. Therefore the quicker they are fattened and made into meat the surer is the owner of getting his money out of them.

The less vigorous fowls are doubtless as good for food as any others, and that is where their greatest utility will be found. This question of vigor has not received the attention it is worthy to receive, for it counts for much in the development of the farmer's flock.

BEE AND POULTRY NOTES.

A good queen of a good honey-gathering strain of bees is more important than any other thing in bee-keeping.

Stale, not mouldy, bread moistened with milk with a little fine grit mixed in is one of the best first feeds for little ducks.

Try a good grade of prepared roofing on the hive covers. It is waterproof and will save the frequent painting necessary with wooden covers.

Candied comb honey can frequently be liquified by putting it in an incubator and keeping it at a temperature of 103 to 105 degrees for ten days to two weeks. Try it in a small way.

Sow a small patch of rape in the garden for the hens. It will provide green food all summer.

There are many outlets for the egg besides the consumer's table. It takes over a million dozen per year in the manufacture of calico.

Burlap sacks make the best feeding devices for young ducks. Take them up as soon as the ducks are done eating and wash them when they become dirty.

The lazy man should never engage in the poultry business. Poultry raising requires more hard and continuous work per dollar of profit than any other division of the farm.

Pullets should be fed wheat and oats, also beef scraps, if obtainable, but do not allow them to get fat, as fat pullets do not begin to lay early.

Don't let the chickens go into winter quarters on a dirt floor if the poultry house is in a low, damp location; a board floor will provide warmth.

Birds that are raised in large numbers should have meat or ground bone, as it is possible that even free range will not supply enough animal food.

Likes Dry Feeding.

I find the dry feeding method very satisfactory with young chicks, writes a correspondent of Farm and Home. We use a small mill for cracking corn. The corn is mixed with bran and fed in a long feeding trough or board. It takes only three-fourths as much feed as by the wet mash system, the fowls do not gorge themselves, the timid ones get their share, and the feed left over does not sour and cause bowel and other trouble. Give the chicks all the milk you can spare, but feed it by itself.

Management Counts.

As in all other business, management counts for most in the production of poultry The ration may be ever so perfect, the battle with the pests and diseases may be ever so effective, but without management profits will be turned into losses every time.

A HOME-MADE BROODER.

Suggestion for the Making of a Serviceable Device.

The home-made brooder may be a drygoods box, made about 2½x2½ x4 feet long, built of matched lumber, with a loose cover made a little larger with its edges dropped 4 inches.

The entire outside of the box should be covered with felt roofing. The door on one end should be large and low.

A frame, made of three-inch stuff, laid flat, fits close around the bottom of the inside. A 6-inch cross piece laid flat through the middle of the box engages the side of the frame.

A 3-inch cross piece is placed on edge, across the middle of the box, resting on the 6-inch flat cross piece and held by cleats nailed to the inside of the box.

The hover, explains the Farmers' Mail and Breeze, is made over a rectangular frame, of lath made to fit inside the box, with thin canton-flannel on the underside, arranged in a loose bagging or flowing manner and held in place with carpet tacks. The hover rests upon three buttons, one on each side at one on one end, 4 inches above the bottom of the box.

A wire is stretched across one end of the top of the box, carrying a hook on which to hang a lantern.

To use at night, close the door, place a mat in each end or division, also 40 chickens in each division, place the hover on the buttons, hank a lighted lantern on the wire and put cover in place, on which lay a good-sized stone.

A brooder without the two following essentials is not worthy the name:

First. The door should be large and low enough that the chickens will go in at night without help, by the end of the first week of their existence.

Second. It should be so constructed that the door may be closed in bad weather, the hover removed, chicks fed and watered, mats changed, etc., without opening the door.

THE LARGE INCUBATOR.

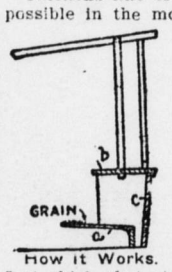
It Is to Be Preferred to One of Smaller Capacity.

The size of the incubator must be regulated by the operator's needs, but we believe a small machine does not pay so well as the larger sizes, for the cost of operation is nearly as much and less time is required to care for one large brood than several small ones. When the beginner can hold the temperature steady and the same in all parts of the egg chamber for 24 hours it is safe to put in the eggs. These should be carefully selected, of medium size and of good shape, not elongated, nor very large at one end nor flattened. The shell should be smooth and firm not thin or porous nor too heavy. By the way, says the Farm and Field, one should be careful about the place of storage for eggs for hatching purposes; if it is too cold the germ will be chilled; if too warm the germ may begin to grow. Eggs have been known to germinate at 69 degrees. The eggs need not be placed in rows, but never should be crowded so that they are piled on each other. Upon the care of the lamp and the regulation of the temperature depends in a great measure the success of the hatch. Always supply the lamp with a new wick at the beginning of each incubation and fill it late in the afternoon for then if anything happens it will be in the daytime. Never handle the eggs after caring for the lamp as there is danger of closing the pores of the eggs.

A SELF LIBERATOR.

Trap Door Which the Chickens Can Open Themselves.

Chickens like to go out as early as possible in the morning and look for worms. It is not always agreeable or convenient to liberate them early, hence the desirability of the automatic latch shown in the illustration. Baited with a little grain, says the Farm and Home, the first chick that steps upon the board a, containing it will cause the latch, b, overhead to open and the door, c, in front, which is set at an outward angle for that purpose, will fall flat of its own accord. All the inmates of the coop then have a chance to go out and roam where they please. This trap must not be set until after dark for as long as it is light the chicks will see the grain and thus spring it at once.



How it Works.

The Small Flock.

A small flock of hens pays better per hen than a large flock because the birds have more range around the farm buildings and more floor space in the houses and coops. Give the birds plenty of room and air and a thousand can be made to return as large a profit per bird as a hundred.

Clean Up.

Early in the season before it gets too hot, whitewash house and coops and add a generous amount of carbolic acid to the whitewash and sprinkle it on the floor. I do this two or three times during the summer, keep house clean and are not troubled at all with mites.

Be Gentle with Flock.

Always make friends of your fowls and chicks so they will not be frightened when you go among them or when for any reason you are obliged to catch them. A severe fright does much to decrease the profits.

A KENTUCKY CASE.

That Will Interest All Suffering Women.

Mrs. Della Meanes, 328 E. Front St., Maysville, Ky., says: "Seven years ago I began to notice sharp pain in the kidneys and a bearing down sensation through the hips, dull headache and dizzy spells. Dropsy appeared, and my feet and ankles swelled so I could not get my shoes on. I was in misery, and had despaired of ever getting cured when I decided to try Doan's Kidney Pills. One box helped me so much that I kept on until entirely cured."

Sold by all dealers, 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

IS IT POSSIBLE?

"And who were the people who first thought of music, auntie?"

"Why, child, they are considered to be prehistoric."

"Oh, auntie, how well you do remember!"

In the Same Boat.

"We get some sad cases," said the attendant at the Lumpton lunatic asylum to the interested visitor, and opened the door of the first cell.

Inside was a man sitting on a three-legged stool, gazing vacantly at the wall.

"His is an unhappy story," said the attendant. "He was in love with a girl, but she married another man, and he lost his reason from grief."

They stole out softly, closing the door behind them, and proceeded to the next inmate.

This cell was thickly padded, and the man within was stark, staring mad.

"Who is this?" inquired the visitor.

"This?" repeated the attendant. "This is the other man!"—Tatler.

"Helpful Hints" That Hinder.

Many of the "helpful hints" followed by our mothers are now proved utterly useless, if not more harmful than helpful. For instance, no one now uses moist tea leaves to clean a carpet or rug, because of the inevitable staining. And salt used on a carpet collects dampness and rusts the tacks. Newspapers, dampened and torn, answer the purpose much more satisfactorily. Rugs should be shaken from the sides, for the strain of the weight on the end is very apt to loosen the weft.

Overdoing a Fad.

Mrs. Graham is an estimable lady whose hobby is house decoration. One day the lady was careless enough to drink a glass of red ink, believing it to be claret. She was a good deal scared when she discovered her mistake, but no harm came to her. The doctor who was summoned, upon hearing what had happened, dryly remarked to her: "Mrs. Graham, there's such a thing as pushing this rage for decorating interiors too far."

THE FIRST TASTE

Learned to Drink Coffee When a Baby.

If parents realized the fact that coffee contains a drug—caffeine—which is especially harmful to children, they would doubtless hesitate before giving the babies coffee to drink.

"When I was a child in my mother's arms and first began to nibble things at the table, mother used to give me sips of coffee. As my parents used coffee exclusively at meals I never knew there was anything to drink but coffee and water.

"And so I contracted the coffee habit early. I remember when quite young, the continual use of coffee so affected my parents that they tried roasting wheat and barley, then ground it in the coffee-mill, as a substitute for coffee.

"But it did not taste right and they went back to coffee again. That was long before Postum was ever heard of. I continued to use coffee until I was 27, and when I got into office work, I began to have nervous spells. Especially after breakfast I was so nervous I could scarcely attend to my correspondence.

"At night, after having coffee for supper, I could hardly sleep, and on rising in the morning would feel weak and nervous.

"A friend persuaded me to try Postum. My wife and I did not like it at first, but later when boiled good and strong it was fine. Now we would not give up Postum for the best coffee we ever tasted.

"I can now get good sleep, am free from nervousness and headaches. I recommend Postum to all coffee drinkers.

"There's a Reason."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

KNEW WHAT THE JOB MEANT.

Angry Citizen Put Ordeal Up to Street Car Company.

Not long ago there entered the office of the superintendent of a trolley line in Detroit an angry citizen, demanding "justice" in no uncertain terms.

In response to the official's gentle inquiry touching the cause of the demand, the angry citizen explained that on the day previous as his wife was boarding one of the company's cars, the conductor thereof had stepped on his spouse's dress, tearing from it more than a yard of material.

"I can't see that we are to blame for that," protested the superintendent. "What do you expect us to do, get her a new dress?"

"No, sir, I do not," rejoined the angry citizen, brandishing a piece of cloth. "What I propose is that you people shall match this material."—Harper's Weekly.

BAD ITCHING HUMOR.

Limbs Below the Knees Were Raw—Feet Swollen—Sleep Broken—Cured in 2 Days by Cuticura.

"Some two months ago I had a humor break out on my limbs below my knees. They came to look like raw beefsteak, all red, and no one knows how they itched and burned. They were so swollen that I could not get my shoes on for a week or more. I used five or six different remedies and got no help, only when applying them the burning was worse and the itching less. For two or three weeks the suffering was intense and during that time I did not sleep an hour at a time. Then one morning I tried a bit of Cuticura. From the moment it touched me the itching was gone and I have not felt a bit of it since. The swelling went down and in two days I had my shoes on and was about as usual. George B. Farley, 50 South State St., Concord, N. H., May 14, 1907."

Self-Denial.

Margie is six years old and her family are Presbyterians. Some of Margie's little friends are Episcopalians, and Margie was much impressed with their Lenten sacrifices. On Ash Wednesday she announced that she would eat no candy for 40 days. A few hours later saw Margie with a large peppermint stick.

"Why, Margie," said her friend, "I thought you had given up candy for Lent."

"I did mean to," admitted Margie, "but I've changed my mind. I'm giving up profane language."—Montreal Herald.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only Constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Doubting It.

"Sir," said the imperial ruler of all the Russias, "do you realize what a gulf of inequality yawns between ordinary humanity and an autocrat?"

"Dear me!" answered the doumaite in mild surprise. "Is this gulf proposition a czarchasm?"

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Ancient City of Thebes.

The city of Thebes had a hundred gates and could send out at each gate 10,000 fighting men and 200 chariots—in all, 1,000,000 men and 2,000 chariots.

It Cures While You Walk.

Allen's Foot-Ease is a certain cure for hot, sweating, callous, and swollen, aching feet. Sold by all Druggists. Price 25c. Don't accept any substitute. Trial package FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

People never help a man blow his horn because they like the music.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
FOR RHEUMATISM
BRIGHT'S DISEASE
BACKACHE
DIABETES
375 "Guaranteed"

SICK HEADACHE

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature

Brent Good

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

NEEDED A LONG STEM.

"Wot did you do wid dat breakfast food de lady up at dat house gave you?"

"It's in me pipe. I'm smokin' it!"

Food as Church Tithes.

Bernaldo in his Calendar says that in medieval times there was more food than money given for church tithes.

FITS, St. Vitus' Dance and Nervous Diseases permanently cured by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2.00 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ld., 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

It takes a conceited man to make a continuous hit—with himself.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Gentleness is invincible.—Marcus Aurelius.

HELPFUL ADVICE

You won't tell your family doctor the whole story about your private illness—you are too modest. You need not be afraid to tell Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., the things you could not explain to the doctor. Your letter will be held in the strictest confidence. From her vast correspondence with sick women during the past thirty years she may have gained the very knowledge that will help your case. Such letters as the following, from grateful women, establish beyond a doubt the power of

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND

to conquer all female diseases.

Mrs. Norman R. Barndt, of Allentown, Pa., writes:

"Ever since I was sixteen years of age I had suffered from an organic derangement and female weakness; in consequence I had dreadful headaches and was extremely nervous. My physician said I must go through an operation to get well. A friend told me about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I took it and wrote you for advice, following your directions carefully, and thanks to you I am today a well woman, and I am telling all my friends of my experience."

FACTS FOR SICK WOMEN.

For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has positively cured thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, dizziness, or nervous prostration.

MALARIATONE For Coughs, Colds and Malarial Fevers

Works While You Work and Enables You to Do Better Work. Mailed on Receipt of 25 Cents.

CURES MALARIA

THE MEDATONE CO.
125 E. 23rd Street, NEW YORK

DAISY FLY KILLER placed anywhere attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, cheap. Lasts all season. Absolutely harmless, cannot spill or tip over, will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. 0f all dealers, or sent prepaid for 20 cents. HAROLD SOMERS, 149 De Kalb Ave., Brooklyn, N.Y.

SOLDIERS' WIDOWS

April 19, 1908, Congress passed a law giving all widows of Civil War soldiers, having 90 days honorable service, a pension of $12.00 per month. Write us for papers. BYINGTON & WILSON Attys. Washington, D. C.

HERE IS A CHANCE

to double your money twice a year, perhaps oftener. If you can spare any sum from $5 up, write me for particulars. You will never regret it.
Geo. W. Stubbs, Albuquerque, New Mexico.

NOTARIES and JUSTICES HANDLING **PENSION** vouchers should write for cash offer to TABER & WHITMAN Co., Washington, D. C. (Over 27 years' experience.)

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BOYS AND GIRLS, WRITE US
how to make money easily at home. H. A. LOCKROW COMPANY, 312 Sumner Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Patent Attorney, Washington, D. C. Advice free. Terms low. Highest ref.

WIDOWS' PENSIONS under NEW LAW obtained by JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D. C.

Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna

Cleanses the System Effectually; Dispels Colds and Headaches due to Constipation; Acts naturally, acts truly as a Laxative.

Best for Men, Women and Children—Young and Old.

To get its Beneficial Effects Always buy the Genuine which has the full name of the Company

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

by whom it is manufactured, printed on the front of every package.

SOLD BY ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS.
one size only, regular price 50¢ per bottle.

WARM WEATHER

EMOLLIENTS

For Preserving, Purifying and Beautifying the Skin, Scalp, Hair, and Hands, for Sunburn, Heat Rash, Chafings, and for all the purposes of the Toilet.

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160 Acres Grain-Growing Land FREE.
20 to 40 Bushels Wheat to the Acre.
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Timber for Fencing and Buildings FREE.
Good Laws with Low Taxation.
Splendid Railroad Facilities and Low Rates.
Schools and Churches Convenient.
Satisfactory Markets for all Productions.
Good Climate and Perfect Health.
Chances for Profitable Investments.

Some of the choicest grain-producing lands in Saskatchewan and Alberta may now be acquired in these most healthful and prosperous sections under the

Revised Homestead Regulations

by which entry may be made by proxy (on certain conditions), by the father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of intending homesteader.

Entry fee in each case is $10.00. For pamphlet, "Last Best West," particulars as to rates, routes, best time to go and where to locate, apply to

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Keeps the breath, teeth, mouth and body antiseptically clean and free from unhealthy germ-life and disagreeable odors, which water, soap and tooth preparations alone cannot do. A germicidal, disinfecting and deodorizing toilet requisite of exceptional excellence and economy. Invaluable for inflamed eyes, throat and nasal and uterine catarrh. At drug and toilet stores, 50 cents, or by mail postpaid.

Large Trial Sample

WITH "HEALTH AND BEAUTY" BOOK SENT FREE

THE PAXTON TOILET CO., Boston, Mass.

Training Husband

Begin Task Early —Be Courageous and Philosophic

By MRS. LEONARD MARSHALL.

HUSBANDS are what we make them. If a husband is properly trained in the way he should go, he will become quite an endurable male specimen of humanity.

The great point is to start from the first. Unfortunately, the young wife is fond and foolish, and the moon of honey is very sweet. Edwin is such a darling just at the outset that she is blind to all the faults which are going to make her life miserable later on. If Angelina knew, she would treat her dear lord like an antagonist; she would lay in wait for the opportune moment to come, and pour balm over the wounds she had inflicted. No man loves the submissive slave. It is the struggle for the mastery, the taming of the tigress that charms him, for man is a born hunter, and the pursuit of the elusive prey is dearer to him than the dove that never will take wing!

The husband spoiled in the first months of his married life rapidly becomes demoralized. He is, metaphorically speaking, in slippers. He is a hero, too, for he knows how that little wife of his adores him!

Vanity (men are vainer than women) works havoc with his reason. His sense of possession becomes unendurable even to the blind little mate who has sworn to love, honor and obey.

The remedy is the thing, and it takes a dose of courage and philosophy to administer it.

The first step is to be on the alert. The husband will presently begin about the housewifely virtues of his sainted mother. She never allowed her servant to leave a room dusty; her pie-crust, and so forth. Do not, my dear woman, allow this secret sorrow to prey upon your soul.

Tell him firmly that he can go home and eat his sainted mother's pie-crust, and that as to the dust, you will speak to the servant, and that is the best you can do! There may—there will be—a row, but stand your ground; your first battle is decisive. Use those subtle arts we are versed in to make the man understand that women are feline—if you stroke the right way, life is harmonious; if not, the results are deplorable.

Do not be too eternally sweet, neither should you smother him with "ducky dears." Blow hot and cold by turns, treat him to every caprice, keep him on the rack to know what you will do next and he will adore you, because he will not have had the opportunity of developing those despotic instincts which are growing in his heart.

He will come to you and tell you that he needs fresh air (you do not, of course), and thinks of going with a friend for a spin in the country on Sunday. You, poor, foolish child, will tell him that you are sure it will do him good. Result—you can sit at home and spin for every Sunday while the fine weather lasts. Edwin is going back to his boon companions and the joys of his bachelorhood, with the added bliss of a nice little woman at home to cook the supper and darn the stockings.

I once knew a resolute little woman who went down for a week to the seaside the second time her husband left her in solitary splendor at home. Then, again, the first—the very first time Edwin bullies you about the dinner in the presence of the servant, pay her a month's wages next day! "Why, my dear, where is Jane? Is she ill?" "No, Edwin; but as I could not live in the house with a servant who heard me insulted and would henceforward question my authority, I have dismissed her from my service." Tableau.

The mere man can always be made to feel through his pocket—money appeals to him when nothing else will.

Love's Law Rules World

By DR. NEWELL DWIGHT HILLIS

Whenever we find a great effect we pass instantly to the inquiry: "What great cause produced it?" For example, here is the rapid growth of Christianity. It began a golden dot on the map; now its banners wave over two continents. It began with the Christ on Mount Olivet; in 40 days it numbered 3,000, in 100 years a half million, and now it rules the minds and hearts of 600,000,000. So wonderful is the effect that we cast about for a cause equally powerful. The proverb runs, no golden conduct from leaden motives. Once Philistinism offered men the ethics of mud; the old world philosophies offered leaden motive and iron penalties; occasional teachers, like Buddha, spoke with a silver tone, but golden conduct began with the golden rule. That law of love that fell from Christ's lips, was interpreted by Christ's life, enforced by his death, and made powerful by his living presence, alone can furnish an adequate explanation of the victories of Christianity.

Now, despite the pessimism of some in high places, many of our greatest industrial leaders are making the law of Christ to be the golden reed with which they are laying out their lives. Let us believe that our brother men are just as anxious to fulfill the law of Christ as you and I are, and are more successful in their plans. Despite what has been said, most lawyers are not the hired tools of evil clients.

Most of the industrial leaders are not corrupt grafters. One swallow does not make a spring—no—that is true; but neither does one red bough showing disease in the leaf in June argue winter on a summer's day. Last week I read the account of a meeting of the directors of a railroad system. These rich men decided not to reduce the wages of the engineers, conductors, switchmen, flagmen, but chose rather to cut the dividends on their stock to three per cent.

One of the most terrible railroad strikes ever precipitated in this country was due to the fact that in 1893 a railway magnate in the time of panic cut the wages of his workmen a third at a single stroke, while he insisted that his dividends should remain at ten per cent. Capital was everything. Workmen, cold, hungry and starving, were nothing. The dollar must have its ten per cent.; the soul can have what is left, if a crust remains. That selfishness of capitalistic leaders is passing as surely as gladiatorial games have gone. The new Christian regime is on. That action of these railroad directors, under the lead of a noble president, publishes the whole story

TO USE A BALLOON

BECKER WILL CAMPAIGN WISCONSIN IN AERIAL CRAFT.

"Boy Mayor" of Milwaukee Will Keep Up Reputation for Being Odd in Race for Governorship of the State.

Milwaukee, Wis. — Sherburn M. Becker, the "boy" mayor of Milwaukee, who, having been successful in conducting his campaign for mayor from an automobile, has now decided to enter the race for governoship of Wisconsin, and will use a balloon this time for campaign purposes. Becker was only 29 years of age when elected mayor of Milwaukee two years ago after a whirlwind campaign. His race for governorship promises to be equally sensational.

"I shall use either a duplicate of Maj. Hershey's United States, with which the American representative competed in the St. Louis balloon races," said ex-Mayor Becker in telling of his plan to campaign from an airship, "or I shall buy the United States and rechristen it Wisconsin when I start to campaign the state. I am thoroughly in earnest in my plan to run for governor with a balloon instead of a touring car as I at first intended, and I will surprise the farmers, you bet.

"You see, it's this way. The people up the state read about my way of doing things, and they simply say: 'He's a crazy fool.' But they are on the watch just the same. Then when I get to them I hand them solid common sense and politics straight without any of the freak about it.

"That's the way I am going to make the campaign this year. I will go up in a balloon and light when I feel like it, and it's a cinch that when we get to earth there'll be a crowd there to hear me speak. Then is when I'll get in my real work. They come to see the boy candidate, and they get

SHERBURN M. BECKER

sound common sense. The result is that they think the logic they hear is a heap better than it really is, because they expected something so much different.

"Two years ago, when I beat Dave Rose for mayor of Milwaukee, I was called the boy candidate, and even my friends thought I was a fool to enter the race. They first told me I couldn't get the nomination, but I fooled them, and then I won at the election. People came to hear me because my motto was 'The Young Man in Politics,' and they went away having heard nothing more sensational than any other campaigner would give them."

That in brief, is the system under which Milwaukee's "Boy Mayor" works his campaigns. He turned from a cotillon leader to supervisor, and in the county board he exposed a printing graft and saved the county $35,000 a year. He then decided to run for alderman, and his friends laughed at him. He was elected and made such a record that he was able to run for mayor and win that, too.

His famous coffee automobile did much to help him in the city campaign. When he was alderman he had one of his automobiles fitted up with a huge coffee pot, which he could start a-boiling when there was a fire, and the coffee would be hot when he reached the scene of the conflagration. Whenever there was a big fire he was notified and a quick hitch harness for a runabout, which he had at first adopted, was soon supplanted by the autmobile.

In his city campaign he started a series of smokers, furnishing corncob pipes and tobacco, and when he addressed a meeting he would, instead of standing on the platform, sit among the listeners and talk conversationally. This won votes and he proposes to adopt the same tactics when he runs for governor.

At Chicago recently he decided upon the balloon means of reaching the country districts. He met C. A. Coey, an enthusiastic automobilist and aeronaut, and arranged his plan for a balloon campaign almost instantly.

A Sweeping Assertion.

Novelist's Wife—Why does your heroine "enter and sweep the room with a glance?"

Novelist (scornfully)—Because she has no vacuum cleaner.

Comforting.

Female Voyager—Is there any fear of danger, Mr. Sailor?

Mr. Sailor—Lots of fear, ma'am, but no danger!

RAPID RISE OF GEN. BARRY.

Career of Army Officer Recently Named for Promotion.

Washington.—The rise of Brig.-Gen. Thomas H. Barry, recently nominated as major-general, vice Gen. C. B. Hall, retired for age, has been rapid. Born in New York in October, 1855, he was graduated from the Millitary academy in June, 1877. After three years' service in the cavalry and 17 years in the infantry he was transferred to the adjutant-general's department with the rank of major in January, 1897, and became colonel in that department in

Gen. Thomas H. Barry.

July, 1902, less than six years ago. As a brigadier general of volunteers he served in the Pekin relief expedition and in the Philippines. For those services he was made a brigadier general in the regular army in August, 1903, and now stands fourth in that grade, his seniors beings Gens. Funston, Carter and Bliss, in the order named.

Gen. Barry is now in his fifty-second year, and will not retire until October, 1919. With the exceptions of Gen. Funston, who is his junior by ten years, and Gen. Pershing, who is five years younger, Gen. Barry is the youngest officer of brigade rank in the army.

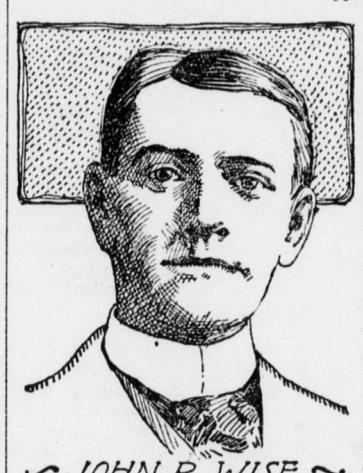
For several months past Gen. Barry has been in command of the army of Cuban pacification, and it is announced that he will remain on that duty in spite of his promotion.

GETS IMPORTANT POST.

John R. Wise Appointed Superintendent of Chilocco Indian School.

Washington.—John R. Wise, for many years a resident of Washington, has been appointed by Secretary Garfield as superintendent of the United States Indian school at Chilocco, Okla. This is one of the largest and most important Indian schools in the northwest.

Mr. Wise was graduated from the University of Wisconsin in 1888. He entered the government service in Washington in 1891 in the record and pension office. For over 12 years he was employed in the office of the commissioner of Indian affairs. He was designated by the secretary of the interior in 1898 as manager of the United States Indian congress held in connection with the trans-Mississippi



JOHN R. WISE

exposition at Omaha. For the last three and a half years Mr. Wise has served as assistant superintendent of the Carlisle Indian school.

Why American Gardens Disappoint.

The reason why American gardening has not yet come up to the standard of the Europeans is simply that we do not pay enough, says a writer in Country Life in America. We employ incompetent landscape designers or none; we beat the nurseryman down on his plants; we are not willing to pay a first-class gardener what he is worth. Yet we are "dead game" when it comes to yachts, automobiles, horses, dogs and houses. Why should not our wealthy men be equally willing to pay for good gardens?

I believe they will. These things are all parts of the same outdoor life. The more self-respect a man has the more he values his family life and the more willing he is to spend as much on his outdoor living room as on one of his indoor rooms.

The writer then describes a landscape garden in a Pittsburg back yard which cost about $7,000. The effects are certainly splendid.

Her Good Work Recognized.

Mrs. W. S. Peabody of Colorado is called the mother of Mesa Verde National park, because of the interest she has taken in the preservation of the relics of the mysterious cliff dwellers of Colorado.

PERILOUS AUTO TRIP IN AFRICA

OFFICER OF GERMAN ARMY TELLS OF HAZARDOUS EXPERIENCE IN DARK CONTINENT.

NEAR TO DEATH ON BRIDGE

Mozambi River Is Crossed by Means of Shaky Structure Made by the Natives of Sticks and Branches.

London.—Lieut. Paul Graetz of the German army, who is crossing the heart of Africa from Dar-es-Salaam, on the east coast, to Swakopmund, on the west, is encountering formidable difficulties in the tropics. His last stage of 125 miles has occupied nine days. He describes the journey as follows:

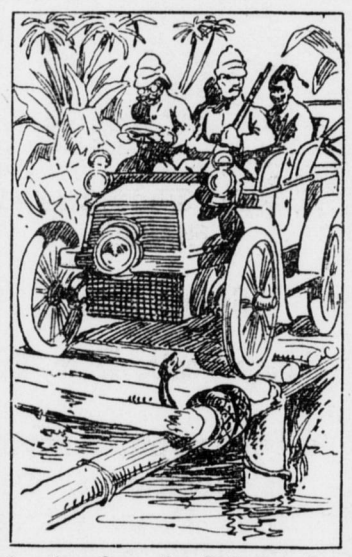
"Leaving Aborcorn, near the southern end of Lake Tanganyika, we reached Kasama in nine days through the Chambezi valley. But we and our motor car have had to go through a horrible ordeal. We have faced fearful trials and hardships under tropical rains; we have been delayed by raging streams and deep marshes.

"We have had to cross 28 swollen rivers and swamps innumerable. We have traveled on bad wooden bridges built by the natives, and often we have crossed over the wretched tottering remnants of such bridges. We have fought hard against flooding waters.

"At first we journeyed through thick brush. Running and jumping near our automobile, a number of Lobeba natives sing as they accompany us. Then a terrible thunderstorm bursts upon us in a fury, and streams of water pour down like huge waterspouts. Now the underwood becomes lighter. Halt! Water! The Mozambi river is before us and rolls on its yellowish course in the middle of a swampy depression 200 yards in breadth.

"There is a kind of bridge over swamp and stream, and it zigzags like a gigantic centipede. The natives rush through the storm-beaten high grass and gather sticks and branches. They drag them forth and build a small bridgeway over the dangerous deep mire; we widen the existing narrow bridge and repair it as best we can.

"Finally, after hours of strenuous work in pouring rain, we proceed. The car is pulled forward on the perilous



Crossing Over the Tottering Remnants of a Bridge.

path; the driver grips the steering wheel with great steadiness. We tremble. What if the wheels skid on the slippery road? We are lost if the car moves only one hand's breadth to either side. We are lost if our hands or our nerves give way on these fearful 200 yards.

"The heavy car and ourselves would fall and disappear, without any possibility of rescue, in the wild stream or in the soft, deep mud. The passage seems to last an eternity. Slowly we creep forward.

"We are nearly on the other side, when suddenly the car stops and is dragged backward. We all burst into a shriek of terror. We realize what has happened.

The back wheels have sunk through a hole in the bridge. The front wheels are lifted upward. But by a stroke of luck in the midst of our misfortunes the springs of the car have caught in the oblique planks of the bridge and it is wedged fast.

"A fresh activity seizes us. We fasten a strong rope to the front part of the car. There is no time to waste. A catastrophe is still threatening us. The Lobeba natives are fetched back. The bridge is repaired after a mighty effort, and the natives slowly drag the car forward. The rescue is a success.

"The sun is now piercing through the gray clouds, and before our eyes gleams the fresh landscape. A few miles' drive and we come to another river. There are many dangers before us. Hidden in the tall grass are numberless bowlders, branches, roots and tree trunks.

"Day after day the difficulties and obstacles increase, and we nearly lose the hope of ever reaching our goal. The car, however, has worked without one break down since we left Aborcorn. At last we see, on the hill in front of us, the village of Kasama, the buildings of the magistrate, and the African lake corporation, appearing above the green landscape."

IN JAIL OVER YEAR, MAN IS FORGOTTEN

NO RECORD OF HIS NAME, CRIME, COMMITMENT OR TRIAL CAN BE FOUND.

Uniontown, Pa.—It would seem incredible that in this age a man could be imprisoned for more than a year in the jail of this county, in this town, not knowing himself the reason or cause of his imprisonment, his identity unknown to the county officials, and no entry reliably affecting him or his alleged offense to be found anywhere in the public records, yet it is a fact this is so.

The man, a foreigner, was recently released from jail because no ground could be found for his further detention, nor indeed for his detention at any time. He might still be in prison had there not been a change of sheriffs.

The new sheriff is Peter A. Johns. During one of his late official enumera-

"What Are You in Prison For?"

tions of the jail inmates his attention was called for some reason to this man.

"What is your name?" inquired the sheriff.

"Elecx Lenchack."

"What are you in prison for?"

"I don't know."

"How long have you been here?"

"More than a year."

The sheriff examined the jail register covering a year and longer, but could not find the name of Lenchack. He did the same with the commitments, but with equal unsuccess. Then he questioned the prisoner more closely. Lenchack could not handle English very well, but he managed to explain that all he knew about it was that he had been walking across a field at one of the coking plants not far from this town when two men accosted him, took him before a magistrate and then brought him to jail.

It is the sheriff's theory that Lenchack had been committed to jail under one name; that he had got on to the jail register under another name, and on the trial docket of the court under still another name, and that when the name on the trial docket was called during sessions of the court there was no prisoner to answer to it.

The poor fellow was so glad to get out that his expressions of gratitude, so far as he was able to make this sentiment clear, were most pathetic. A foreigner, knowing little or nothing of the habits and customs of this country, not understanding the language, homeless, friendless, knowing no one to apply to, he had got into jail for a trivial offense. There, forgotten, unable to confide in any one even if he had wished, ignorant of how to take steps to get free, he had put in more than a year of his life in a place to which he should not, perhaps, have been sent at any time.

PIES BREAK MAN'S FALL.

Tight-Rope Trick on Roof Ends in Headlong Plunge.

Philadelphia.—While trying to demonstrate to a friend some of the acrobatic tight-rope walking ability which had won him fame in circus life some years ago, Frank Velloski, 25 years old, fell from the third-story roof of his home, to the alley below and was taken to the hospital, suffering from concussion of the brain. His condition is serious, the doctors say.

Velloski occupies the fourth floor. Shortly before noon he stepped out of his window on to the roof of the third floor extension, to get a breath of fresh air. Just across the alleyway, on the roof of No. 116 Spruce street, was one of Velloski's friends.

"Guess I'll come over for a while," he said. I'll show you the way we used to do when I was a circus man," he added, as he mounted a thin clothes line which stretched between the two houses across the alley.

He had successfully gone to the middle of the rope when suddenly it snapped. Velloski went crashing down to the hard pavement of the alley below.

A woman in No. 116 had been baking pies and half a dozen specimens of her art were out to cool in the alley. Velloski landed head first into them.

The hospital doctors say that it was due to this fact that the former circus man's skull was not fractured.

The Nature of the Brute.

Ex—Did you ever see an Indian idol?

Wy—I never saw one any other way.—Cleveland Leader.

Geo. J. LaBar

Furniture

The Set to Set Before You

Ii waiting for you in the shape of a nice set of crockery. We are now showing a splendid stock of good soun Crockery. There are complete sets and odd pieces. It is a great opportunity for you to stock up your china closet at a little cost.

Undertaking

Geo. J. LaBar

Old Reliable Drug Store

BARGAINS, BARGAINS, BARGAINS.

Seeley's hard Rubber Trusses, closing out at $1.00 each.

Cutlery, a fine line, closing out at cost.

100 regular 25c boxes pills. None better. Closing out at 17c each.

100 bottles 25c size Cough and Cold Medicine, closing out at 17c each. There is not any better Cough and Cold medicine made.

Kalamazoo Celery Nerve and Blood Tonic. A tonic everybody needs in the spring of the year. Closing at 65c the bottle

Electric Bitters, one of the very best Stomach, Liver and Kidney remedies. Closing out at 35c each.

Skinner's Wild Cherry Tonic, one of the very best appetizers. Price reduced from 50c to 30c.

If your physician gives you a prescription take it to Taggart and save one half on it.

L. TAGGART, Prop

Merchant Tailoring

I have removed my Tailoring establishment from the flat above the Express Office to the store room formerly occupied by Edw. Blinzler as a barber shop, where I now have an elegant line of patterns for Spring and Summer wear. All the very latest at a moderate cost. I will give a DISCOUNT ON EACH SUIT sold during June, July and August.

All work Guaranteed. Give me a trial.

THEO. HABERSTOCK.

Spring Announcement

Happy Thoughts in Stylish

Spring Suits,

Fancy Vests, Hats, Etc.

All the popular styles in Neckwear, Collars, Pens, Gloves and Underwear.

NEW--Our stock is all new, up-to-date and marked to the lowest notch.

R. SEGER & CO.

NEXT TO BANK.

We have a good assortment of

Garden Tools

Rakes, Hoes, Shovels,
Spading Forks, Manure Forks, Plows
Harrows, Shovel Plows.
Also Fence Wire, Chicken Wire and Fly Screens.

Heavy and Shelf Hardware

We solicit your patronage.

Plumbing, Tinning, Hot Water and Steam Heating a Specialty.

F. V. HEILMAN & CO.

The Romance of Buried Pictures.

A romantic story of a picture purchased at a London auction which on expert examination proved to be painted over a Rembrandt worth £8,000 is curiously reminiscent of the discovery of a Correggio under similar circumstances. A good many years ago two picture restorers, Lovera and Hunterspergh, bought at an art sale in Rome a number of old pictures in order to provide themselves with canvases for repainting. In the division of the spoils Hunterspergh received an indifferent picture of flowers, on which he painted a study of a head. This picture he offered to Lovera, who on close examination found that the new ground scaled off and that underneath were traces of a figure painted in a style that denoted the hand of a master. Replacing the scales and concealing his discovery, he purchased the picture for little more than the value of the canvas. Removing the two grounds, he disclosed an exceedingly clever painting by Correggio, which he sold to the Earl of Bristol for £1,500.—Dundee Advertiser.

Dogs of Luxury.

The appearance of little dogs as objects of luxury goes back to the most ancient times. Documents are not wanting that go to show that Greek and Roman women had little dogs which were idolized by their mistresses. Even men, particularly among foreigners, were not ashamed to walk the streets of Rome with pet dogs under their arms. Speaking of this subject, Plutarch relates that Julius Caesar, seeing one day in Rome some strangers thus loaded with their dogs, asked them ironically whether the women of their country did not bear children. Tertia, the daughter of Lucius Aurelius Paulus, was so fond of her dog that in the moment of bidding farewell to her father, who was about to leave his country and his family to wage war against Perseus, king of Macedonia, she frankly admitted that the sadness imprinted on her face was due to the death of her pet dog Persa. In Europe the greyhounds were the first favorites of women during the middle ages.—Boston Post.

Too Much of a Good Thing.

George Marshall, a philanthropist who always kept a sharp lookout never to be wasteful, decided to go for a week's camping, taking as his guests some ragged street urchins. One morning he used the bits of meat left from the evening before and made hash for breakfast. There was some left over, which he concluded to reheat and serve again at noon.

"Johnnie, will you have some hash?" he asked one lad.

"Bet your life," replied the lad, who was constitutionally hungry.

"Peter, pass your plate for some hash"—to another freckled nosed lad.

"Not if I knows it," was the unexpected reply.

"I thought you liked hash from the way you ate it this morning," replied Mr. Marshall.

"I did like it for breakfast," said the lad, "but none of yer review of reviews for me for dinner."—Lippincott's Magazine.

Sided With Father.

"There is a little chap in our town," said the suburbanite, "whose father and mother have words quite frequently, and have them loud enough to be heard by the neighbors. The burden of their recriminations when audible is, on the wife's part, that she ever lowered the Hicks family sufficiently to marry a Stubbs, and on his part that he ever honored the Hicks family by allying it with the house of Stubbs.

"One day last summer the young son of the house went fishing. He had barely got his line into the brook when he heard his mother calling him.

"'There it is,' said he disgustedly; 'the minute the Stubbses begin to fish the Hickses begin to holler.'"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

A Lesson In Thrift.

A lesson in thrift is found in the advice given by Congressman John E. Andrus to a young man for whom he had secured a minor appointment in the capitol at Washington. Meeting the young fellow in the capitol, he placed a hand on his shoulder and remarked:

"William, you are just beginning your life. Let me give you a bit of sound advice: When you leave your boarding house in the morning never take more than 30 cents in your pockets, enough perhaps for your luncheon and for car fare. You will then not be tempted to spend more than you can afford."—Yonkers Statesman.

Unchanging Man.

Mortal man offers but little difference in spite of the diversity of race and climate, and in analyzing the Egyptian we almost find ourselves reproduced. Intellectual man also manifests a singular identity of aspiration and belief from the Nile to the Ganges and from the Eurotas to the Arno.—Mercure de France.

Some Grains of Luck.

"Is your husband having any luck at the race track?"

"Some luck," answered young Mrs. Torkins. "He hasn't caught cold nor had his pockets picked."—Washington Star.

A True Patriot.

"Johnny, what's a patriot?"

"A boy who'd radder miss seein' de game dan go in on a ball knocked over de fence by de visitin' team."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Not Entirely One.

"And so they were made one."

"Oh, I don't know. I believe she still has a mind of her own."

Costly Jar of the Subway.

The tuppenny tube, London's subway, once set fire to a house in a manner so extraordinary as to merit attention. In a mansion beneath which runs the subterranean railway one of the bedroom fireplaces was fitted with a blower—a sheet of iron inside the grate which can be raised or lowered to regulate the draft. The blower rested on a series of iron notches. One afternoon a servant kindled a fire in the grate and when it was well alight raised the blower, so that the coal would burn but slowly, and so left it while she went downstairs. Presently, deep in the clay beneath the foundations of the house, a train rushed along. The vibrations from its passing were sufficient to jar the blower from the notches on which the servant had left it. It dropped down. The draft increased; the fire raged madly. The flames were enough to set the chimney on fire, burning soot set the water tank on the roof alight, and there resulted a considerable conflagration.—Pittsburg Post.

A Girl and a Snake.

It is a matter of fact that men have greater fear of serpents than have women. During a visit to friends in the country I was crossing a stretch of meadow in the company of my hostess' daughter, a sprightly girl of seventeen, when a black snake crossed the path ten feet in front of us. I caught my companion by the sleeve, but she wrenched herself loose, gathered her skirts about her knees, gave a running jump and landed squarely upon the back of the reptile. His snakeship thrashed the grass and the girl's ankles with equal futility. As soon as she could disengage one foot she planted it upon the serpent's head. In the absence of club or stones I was compelled to stand and witness a scene that to me was terrifying, but to the girl furnished supreme enjoyment. Years afterward when I read Haggard's description of Jess' fight with the kangaroo I understood the kind of entertainment that my young companion had provided for me.—Brooklyn Eagle.

There's a Hare In the Moon.

Equally famous with the man in the moon and the woman in the moon is the hare in the moon, says Garrett P. Serviss in his "Astronomy With the Naked Eye." The original is a Buddhist legend. The god Sakkria, disguised as a Brahman, pretended to be starving and went to the animals for help. The monkey got him a bunch of mangoes; the coot picked up a fisherman's neglected string for him; the fox stole him a pot of milk. At last the god approached the hare. "I have nothing but grass," said the hare, "and you can't eat that." "But your flesh is good," suggested the pretended Brahman. The hare assented. "Then," said the Brahman, "I'll kindle a fire at the foot of this rock, and you jump off into it. That'll save me the trouble of killing you." The hare assented again, but as he leaped from the rock the god caught him in his arms and then drew his figure in the moon as a perpetual reminder of the excellence of self sacrifice.

Cerebral Embolism.

Cerebral embolism, or the occlusion or plugging of an artery in the brain, causes sudden death. Growths or vegetations form on the valves of the heart. While attached they are harmless, but the instant one, large or small, becomes loosened and enters the rapid arterial current a very perilous condition obtains. The embolus, or plug, enters a vessel that becomes narrower and narrower and at last it is arrested and occludes or plugs the artery, thereby cutting off the blood supply. The force of the blood current back of the embolus keeps it at the seat of arrest. In brain cases the middle cerebral artery, at the base of the brain, is affected. Once lodged unconsciousness follows and soon death. Some of the symptoms resemble those of a true cerebral hemorrhage or apoplexy.—New York Herald.

A Quaint English Ceremony.

On the last day of each October the city solicitor of London, with an assistant, attends upon the royal rembrancer, when by proclamation "the tenants and occupiers of a piece of waste ground called the moors, in the county of Salop," are commanded to "come forth and do your service upon pain and peril that shall fall thereon." The solicitor chops in halves two fagots, one with a hatchet and the other with a billhook. Afterward comes the summons to the tenants, etc., of "a certain tenement with a forge" in the Strand and the payment of six horseshoes, with sixty-one shoe nails, by the solicitor. This forge has long ceased to be, and the same shoes and nails are used year after year, the shoes being at least two centuries old.

Spell This.

Some of you who think you are well up in spelling just try to spell the words in this little sentence:

"It is agreeable to witness the unparalleled ecstasy of two harassed peddlers endeavoring to gauge the symmetry of two peeled pears."

Read it over to your friends and see how many of them can spell every word correctly. The sentence contains some of the real puzzlers of the spelling book.

Too Good a Chance to Miss.

He (indignantly)—They have put us in a back pew this morning. Why, I wonder? She (calmly)—They probably noticed that I wore a dowdy hat and that I shouldn't care to have it seen!

There is a saying that people are as "homely as a mud fence." Did any one ever see a mud fence or know if there is such a thing?—Atchison Globe.

A BEAUTIFUL FACE

Before Using

If you have pimples, blotches, or other skin imperfections, you can remove them and have a clear and beautiful complexion by using

BEAUTYSKIN

It Makes New Blood, Improves the Health, Removes Skin Imperfections.

After Using.

Beneficial results guaranteed or money refunded. Send stamp for Free Sample, Particulars and Testimonials. Mention this paper.

CHICHESTER CHEMICAL CO., Madison Place, Philadelphia, Pa.

We promptly obtain U. S. and Foreign

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Send model, sketch or photo of invention for free report on patentability. For free book, How to Secure Patents and **TRADE-MARKS** write to

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OPPOSITE U.S PATENT OFFICE. WASHINGTON, D.C.

WINDSOR HOTEL

W. T. BRUBAKER, Manager

Midway between Broad St. Station and Reading Terminal on Filbert St.

A convenient and homelike place to stay while in the city shopping.

An excellent restaurant where good service combines with low prices.

Rooms $1.00 per day and upwards.

The only moderate priced hotel of reputation and consequence in

Philadelphia, Pa.

Business Cards.

J. C. JOHNSON. J. P. MCNARNEY
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JOHNSON & MCNARNEY,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
EMPORIUM, PA.
Will give prompt attention to all business entrusted to them. 16-1y.

MICHAEL BRENNAN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Collections promptly attended to. Real estate and pension claim agent,
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GREEN & FELT,
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Corner Fourth and Broad streets,
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All business relating to estate, collections, real estate, Orphan's Court and general law business will receive prompt attention. 41-25-1y.

COMMERCIAL HOTEL,
Near P. & E. Depot, Emporium, Pa.
FREDERICK LEVECKE, Prop'r.
Centrally located. Every convenience for the traveling public. Rates reasonable. A share of he public patronage solicited. 44ly

MAY GOULD,
TEACHER OF
PIANO, HARMONY AND THEORY,
Also dealer in all the Popular Sheet Music,
Emporium, Pa.
Scholars taught either at my home on Sixth street or at the homes of the pupils. Out of town scholars will be given dates at my room in this place.

Sour Stomach

No appetite, loss of strength, nervousness, headache, constipation, bad breath, general debility, sour risings, and catarrh of the stomach are all due to indigestion. Kodol relieves indigestion. This new discovery represents the natural juices of digestion as they exist in a healthy stomach, combined with the greatest known tonic and reconstructive properties. Kodol for dyspepsia does not only relieve indigestion and dyspepsia, but this famous remedy helps all stomach troubles by cleansing, purifying, sweetening and strengthening the mucous membranes lining the stomach.

Mr. S. S. Ball, of Ravenswood, W, Va., says:—"I was troubled with sour stomach for twenty years. Kodol cured me and we are now using it in milk for baby."

Kodol Digests What You Eat.

Bottles only. Relieves indigestion, sour stomach, belching of gas, etc.

Prepared by E. O. DeWITT & CO., CHICAGO.

Sold by R. C. Dodson.

COUDERSPORT & PORT ALLEGANY R. R.

Taking effect April 22, 1908.

EASTWARD

STATIONS.	6		2	4	120
			A. M.	P. M.	A. M.
Port Allegany,.. Lv.			11 37	7 12	8 00
Chemical Works....			○○	○○	○○
Burtville,.....			11 47	7 22	8 17
Roulette,.....			11 55	7 30	8 50
Knowlton's, ...			11 59	○○	○○
Mina,.....			12 05	7 40	9 10
Olmsted,.....			12 09	*7 44	○○
			12 17	7 52	9 25
Coudersport. { Ar.	A. M.	.....			P.M.
{ Lv.	6 00	.....	12 25		
North Coudersport,	○○	.....	*12 28	.....	.....
Frink's,.....	*6 10	.....	*12 35	.....	.....
Colesburg,.....	6 17	.....	12 42	.....	.....
Seven Bridges,.....	*6 22	.....	*12 47	.....	.....
Raymonds, ...	6 32	.....	12 57	.....	.....
Gold,.....	6 37	.....	1 02	.....	.....
Newfield,.....	○○	.....	1 06	.....	.....
Newfield Junction,..	6 47	.....	1 15	.....	.....
Perkins,.....	*6 50	.....	*1 18	.....	.....
Carpenter's,..... ...	○○	.....	*1 22	.....	.....
Crowell's,.....	*6 56	.....	*1 25	.....	.....
Ulysses,.....	7 05	.....	1 35	.....	.....
		A. M.	P. M.	.....	.....

WESTWARD.

STATIONS.		1			5
		A. M.			P. M.
Port Allegany,.....		9 10			4 55
Chemical works		○○			○○
Burtville,.		8 57			4 42
Roulette,.....		8 50			4 35
Knowlton's,.....		○○			*4 30
Mina,.....		8 40			4 25
Olmsted,.....		*8 35			4 20
Coudersport, .. { Lv.		8 30			4 15
{ Ar		8 25	.....	P. M.	
North Coudersport,	.....	○○	.....	.....	3 45
Frink's,.....	.....	*8 13	.....	.....	3 38
Colesburg,.....	.....	*8 06	.....	.....	3 31
Seven Bridges,.....	.....	*8 02	.....	.....	3 24
Raymond's.....	.....	*7 52	.....	.....	*3 20
Gold,.....	.....	7 48	.....	.....	*3 10
Newfield	.....	*7 44	.....	.....	*3 06
Newfield Junction,..	.....	7 40	.....	.....	2 58
Perkins,.....	.....	*7 33	.....	.....	*2 44
Carpenter's,.....	.....	*7 30	.....	.....	*2 40
Crowell's,.....	.....	*7 27	.....	.....	*2 37
Ulysses,.....Lv.	.....	7 20	.....	.....	2 30

Trains 1 and 2 run daily between Coudersport and Port Allegany, all other trains run week days only.

* Flag stations. (○○) Trains do not stop
† Telegraph offices.
Trains run on Eastern Standard Time.

Connections—At Ulysses with Fall Brook R'y for points north and south. At B. & S. Junction with Buffalo & Susquehanna R. R. north for Wellsville, south for Galeton and Addison. At Port Allegany with Pennsylvania R. R., north for Buffalo, Olean, Bradford and Smethport; south for Keating Summit, Austin, Emporium and Penn'a R. R., points.

B. A. McCLURE, Gen'l Supt.
Coudersport, Pa.

ALWAYS GLAD TO SEE YOU!

HERE?

C. B. HOWARD & CO'S

General Store,

WEST END OF FOURTH STREET, EMPORIUM, PA.

NOTICE.

Strictly pure goods. Conform with the pure food law in our Grocery Department. All firms are required to give us a guarantee on their invoices.

GROCERIES.

Full line of all canned goods: Tomatoes, Peaches, Pears, Cherries, Corn, Meats of all kinds. Our line of Cookies and Crackers cannot be surpassed for freshness, get them every week or two. Sour and sweet pickles by the dozen or bottle. Fish of all kind. Cannot be beat on No. 1, sun Mackerel. Hams, Shoulders, Bacon and Salt Pork or anything you desire in the line.

CLOTHING,

Complete line of Underwear in Ballbriggan, natural wool and fleece lined, Shirts and Drawers, Overalls, Pants, Dress Shirts, work Shirts, Over Jackets, wool and cotton Socks, Gloves, Mittens, etc.

SHOES AND RUBBERS.

Have all sizes to suit the trade, for ladies, men, boys and children.

DRESS GOODS.

Anything in the line you desire. Come look our stock over.

HARDWARE.

Shovels, Picks, Hinges, Screws, Hammers, Hatchets, Axes, all kinds, Handles and nails, from a shoe nail to a boat spike.

CONCLUSION.

We appreciate your past patronage and shall endeavor to give you the same service and same goods in the future as in the past. Phone orders receive our prompt attention and delivered promptly by our popular drayman Jake.

Yours truly

C. B. HOWARD & CO

For Medium and Slender Figures

"IT RESTS YOUR BACK"

Nemo

BACK-RESTING CORSET

A MOST VALUABLE INVENTION

No. 351 $3.50

DON'T THINK that all Nemo Corsets are for stout women, though over a million stout women will wear no corset but the famous "Self-Reducing."

OUR new Back-Resting Corset is designed for medium and slender figures. It supports the very spot where you need it most—the small of the back. It relieves backache like magic. The back steels cannot turn and dig into the flesh—the back-resting straps prevent this. And it gives the "new figure" to perfection.

No. 351—BACK-RESTING CORSET, for medium and slender figures; sizes 18 to 30.... $3.50

Tested and proved; sold under our full guarantee to do all we claim.

R. KUEHNE, Emporium's Finest Dry Goods Store.

The NEW DRY GOODS STORE

Offers the Following **Bargains! Bargains! Bargains!**

In High Class Seasonable Merchandise on Sale Faiday and Saturday and all next Week

Shirt Waists

White Lawn Waists, handsome embroidered fronts. Reduced from $1.25 and $1.50 to $1.00

Elegant White Lawn Waists with beautiful lace and embroidered fronts, the $2.00 $2.50 and $2.75 kind reduced to $1.50

White Jap Silk Waists with rich embroidery. reduced from $3.98 to - - - $2.69

Portiers

Red or green Portiers, less than cost.

Reg. $2.75, sale price $1.98
Reg. 3.50, " 2.29
Reg. 4.00, " 2.73

Ladies Muslin Underwear

Gowns, 43c, 45c, 50c,
Drawers, special 25c
Corset Covers,. 25c
Children's Drawers 12c
Aprons 12c.

Laces! Laces!

Beautiful all over Lace, 19 inches wide, suitable for waists and dresses.

Regular 60c sale price 49c
" $1.50 " $1.19
" 2.00 " 1.59
" 2.50 " 1.95

Heavy Cluny Laces both edging and insertion, 2 to 6 inches wide.

Reg 12c, sale price, yd 9c
Reg. 19c, " " 12½
Reg. 25c, " " 16

Nor. Val Laces and Insertion 2½ to 5 inches wide.

Reg. 10c sale price yd 6c
" 12c " " 8c
" 16c " " 11c
" 25c " " 16c

Ladies Lineen Wash Skirts

with red or blue checks, white ground. Reg. price $1.25, sale price - 98c

Beautiful White Wash Dress Goods.

Stripes and checks. Regular price per yard 35c, sale price 25c.

Millinery.

All our Trimmed Hats

$3.00 to $3.50 hats, - $1.98
4.00 " " 2.69
5.00 " " 3.78
6.00 " " 4.29
7.00 " " 4.98
8.00 " " 5.98

Untrimmed Dress Shapes

All $1.00 hats, - 69c
" 1.50 " - - 98c
" 2.00 " - - - $1.25
" 2.50 " - - 1.69
" 3.00 " - - - 1.98

Misses untrimmed Tuscan Flats, 50c and 75c kind 19c

Large Roses with foliage, various colors. Regular price 47c, sale price 29c

Best quality Lancaster Apron Gingham 6¼c

Scotch Dress Ginghan 33 inches wide, reduced from 19c to 15c.

R. KUEHNE

Emporium's Largest and Finest Dry Goods Store

CAMERON.

Dr. H. W. Mitchell, dentist, Emporium, Pa. Over Vogt's Shoe Store.

Alex. Schwab returned to work Sunday evening, after spending the day with his family.

Edward McFadden opened the New Cameron House on Friday. Ed is a hustler and all patrons are assured the best of treatment.

Mrs. Moriarity and son George of Renovo are visiting Dan'l Sullivan, Sr., and family.

F. B. Hoag had business at Ridgway Tuesday.

B. Egan of Emporium, made a business visit here Friday.

D. C. Lininger attended the schoo meeting at Sterling Run.

Mrs. Elizabeth Vallis visited friends in Emporium Sunday.

Andrew Jenks attended school meeting at Sterling Run.

Jos. McQuide, of Buffalo, visited G. L. Page and family the past few days.

The welcome shower on Tuesday was much needed.

Operator Clarence Lupro, of Renovo relieved operator F. B. Hoag on Tuesday and expects to relieve the other operators before returning home.

Hugh Ritchey of Austin, visited A.E. Lord, Sr., the past week.

Lesley Shealy and Ellis Greenalch were called home from Indiana, Pa., on account of the death of Alice Greenalch.

Alice Greenalch, aged about 14 years, daughter of Wm. Greenalch, died in the Williamsport hospital last Wednesday morning, where she was taken for treatment, and brought home Friday morning. She was buried in Emporium, Sunday afternoon.

LOUISE.

HUNTLEY.

Dr. W. H. Mitchell, Dentist, Emporium, Pa. Over Vogt's shoe store.

Miss Collins, County Supt. spent Sunin town.

B. J. Collins and wife were Emporium visitors Monday.

W. R. Smith and wife spent Sunday with the latter's parents at Medix Run.

Audry Hill and Gladys Hill of Grove Hill were down from the Hill Sunday visiting friends in town, also Hattie Hill of Medix Run is visiting in town.

George Hill of Grove Hill was an Emporium visitor Monday.

Mrs. Ada Jordan of Wyside is visiting friends here.

Pennsy fireman, Roy Smith of Renovo, visited his parents Sunday.

Supervisor L. H. Smith was a business caller at Driftwood Saturday.

Miss Johnson, daughter of A. Johnson of Renovo, is visiting her grandparents, aunt and uncle this week.

Walter Logue and Wayne Nelson were on Grove Hill Sunday.

Owing to Clyde Collins knocking the ball into Potter county and breaking the club, the Sunday game was called off. The score stood 6 to 5 in favor of the east enders.

Mrs. Delia Sibley who has been spending the winter at Medix Run, spent Sunday with the Smith famlies enroute to Grove Hill to spend the summer.

Umpire Thos. Kilbourn was in Erie Monday purchasing the new base ball uniforms for our team. They will be light gray trimmed with baby blue chiffon, old gold lace and cheese cloth. Our boys will be in shape to do business by the Fourth. Geo. Strawbridge of Sterling Run will act as coach, assisted by John S. Jordan.

Nelson Bros. have captnred a large rattler and have it confined is a box at their residence. It is such a fine specimen that the boys are in communication with Peter Grubert (Rattlesnake Pete) of Rochester, N. Y., with aim to selling it to him. It has nine rattles and one large and one small button.

W. H. Cone of Tidioute is in town looking after his lumber buisness.

J. F. S.

STERLING RUN.

Dr. W. H. Mitchell, Dentist, Emporium, Pa. Over Vogt's shoe store.

Lora O'Keef of Williamsport, visited at home the past week.

Mrs. Rufus Baker and family of Shingle House, is visiting her parents Jos. Kissell and family.

Born, June 7th, to Elmer Whiting and wife, a daughter.

Mrs. Herrick is having her house painted.

Edwin Darrin and children of Ridgway are the guests of his parents J. H. Darrin and wife.

Florence McDonald and Miss Denny of Driftwood visited Mrs. Bibiana Spangler Tuesday.

G. H. Howlett visited his family Sunday.

Mrs. L. W. Spence and sister-in-law visited in Emporium Saturday.

There will be an ice cream social in Brooks' hall, Saturday evening for benefit of the M. E. church.

Joseph Kissell and wife were business callers in Emporium, Thursday.

Mabel Wylie returned Saturday, having closed a successful term of school at Holidaysburg.

Mrs. Parker and grand-daughter, Mertie Shafer returned from an extended visit with her daughter at Austin.

Mrs. H. F. Foster, Mrs. Jessie B. Lewis and daughter were in Emporium Thursday.

Mrs. J. A. Dice left for York, Tuesday, having received a message that her mother was seriously ill.

Mrs. P. O'Connor, Miss Froess, Eleanor O'Sullivan, Miss Mirteen, Miss Philshiplifter of Driftwood visited Mrs. Dorsey Spangler Wednesday.

Children's Day services will be held in the M. E. church Sunday, June 14.

John Neenan's niece Mary Smith visited him a few days.

BLUE BELL.

Hundreds of people who suffer from backache, rheumatism, lame back, lumbago and similar ailments are not aware that these are merely symptoms of kidney trouble, and to be relieved they must correct the cause. Pineules for the kidneys, pleasant and easy to take, are readily absorbed by the stomach and blood act directly on the kidneys, bringing quick relief to backache and other symptoms of kidney and bladder derangements. A dose of Pineules at bed time brings relief. 30 days' trial $1.00 and guaranteed or money back. Sold at R. C. Dodson's drug store. 3m

A number of rooms, with use of bath or rent. Apply to Frank F. Day. 41-tf.

SINNAMAHONING.

Fine weather for farming.

Dr. W. H. Mitchell, Dentist, Emporium, Pa. Over Vogt's shoe store.

F. L. Miller of First Fork was a call er Monday.

Ex-County Treasurer John Cummings was in town Tuesday.

P. H. Star of the Star Box and Novelty Co., was a caller Monday.

W. H. Metzger shook hands with some of his old acquaintances Monday.

John Floyd of Renovo is up on a fishing trip this week.

Rev. Dixson visited at Emporium on Monday.

Children's Day services will be held in the church next Sunday morning at 10:30. Every one welcome.

V. King Pifer, secretary for Hon. C. F. Barclay arrived in town to-day.

Mrs. V. A. Brooks has returned from a short visit to her brother, Rev. T. J. Fulton, Oval, Pa.

Mrs. G. W. Huntley and daughter Miss Nellie of Shyrock, W. Va., have been visiting friends and relatives in town.

Rev. C. W. Dickson is entertaining his father and sister.

Mr. and Mrs. Harrison of Altoona, are at the home of T. H. Piper. Mrs. Harrison is Mr. Piper's sister.

R. M. Crum is moving his family to the B. V. Wykoff farm across the river.

Fulton Brothers., are busy with their paint brushes at Huntley, Pa.

Miss Julia Daubet is visiting her aunt Mrs Mollie Baird.

Miss Grace Baird has returned from a visit to Rolfe and vicinity.

J. Ellsworth Fry is at the home of his parents.

Amos Cupp, wife and two sons were in town over Sunday. Mr. Cupp formerly resided here. He is a rising young dentist at Kane.

Mrs. J. Herman Krebbs made a short trip to Renovo.

Mrs Fred Lex of Renovo, has been visiting friends in town.

Mrs. Amos Bennett and daughter Hazen spent a few days in Emporium recently.

Hon. C. F. Bartlay visited at Williamsport Tuesday.

The paint works started this week.

The steam roller for the state road came Tuesday.

Amos Swartwood is putting a metal roof on his house on Railroad street.

Mrs. Jean Lex of South Renovo, was a visitor Monday.

Dr. W. H. Mitchell, Dentist, Emporium, Pa. Over Vogt's shoe store.

DEBSE.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. It is especially good for pills. Be sure to get DeWitt's. Sold by R. C. Dodson.

FIRST FORK.

On Wednesday noon the house of John Caldwell was discovered to be on fire, by Mrs. M. J. Logue who promptly gave the alarm, thereby preventing a total loss of the house, only one side of the roof being badly burned. John was away attending to the duties of mail carrier from the P. O., to the B. & S. R. R., trains, but his son Fred proved to be "Johnny on the spot" as the saying goes, and got the fire out in a sort time.

A daughter of Art Mahon and wife was so badly burned at their home in Hammersley, the fore part of last week as to cause her death in a few hours. Funeral services were held here on Thursday and burial made in the cemetery at this place. She was five years and eight months of age. The accident was caused by some children playing with matches.

Tony Mancuso, section boss at this place is smiling over the arrival of a little daughter at his home near the B. & S. depot on last Wednesday night.

A good deal of all kinds of fruit has been blasted by the long continued wet weather in May, and the farmers have been so put back by it that it will take a long warm fall for corn and other crops to mature.

Decoration Day was very poorly attended here on account of the bad weather.

M. J. Logue cut his hand very badly on Monday while engaged in killing a veal, and it is causing him some trouble.

Ed. Caldwell is working in Gore's blacksmith shop at Sinnamahoning.

NUF SED.

MORE HILL.

The social held last Saturday evening for the benefit of the M. E. church on More Hill, was in many ways the most successful ever held here. The receipts for the evening were $25, which is in excess of what is usually made at one of these gatherings on the Hill. Much credit is due the following ladies who have always been very much interested in this little church and who have always stood by it: Mrs. Ray Lyon, Mrs. Beldin, Mrs. Ross, Mrs. Specht, Mrs. Ishman, Mrs Brooner, Mrs. Seibert, Mrs. Huber, Mrs. Johnson and many others who were present.

The large number of young men who came from the different lumber camps, deserve much credit for the manly way in which they conducted themselves during the evening. Come again, boys, we will always be glad to see you and try and treat you right, especially when you want to take a guess on the cake.

DeWitt's Kidney and Bladder Pills are prompt and thorough and will in a very short time strengthen the weakened kidneys. Sold by R. C. Dodson.

Millinery -- Fancy Goods

Ludlams

Millinery - Dress Goods